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ABSTRACT

The eleventh annual report on the flow of students from high school to higher education in California is presented, showing that 56.2% of California's 1986-87 high school graduates aged 19 and under enrolled in its institutions of higher education in fall 1987. The number of high school graduates increased about 6% in 1986-87, which was accompanied by an increase in the number of new freshmen at the University of California (UC), California State University (CSU), and California independent colleges and universities, but not at the California community colleges. The UC participation rate decreased to 7.7% from 7.9% after having increased steadily over 10 years; CSU rose from 10.2% to 10.7%, the highest in the past 14 years; the community colleges dropped from 36.3% to 34.4%, possibly as a result of improved reporting; and the rate for California's independent colleges and universities remained at 3.4% for the 47 institutions reporting. The proportions for Asian, Filipino, and Hispanic students were slightly larger in fall 1987 ethnic distribution than in fall 1986, while proportions for American Indian, Black, and White students were all smaller. Black and Hispanic youth continue to be seriously underenrolled in higher education. Appended are tables showing: (1) percentages of recent high school graduates enrolling in each segment of California higher education by county and year (1976, 1978, and 1980-87), and (2) ethnic distribution of 1986-87 graduates of public California high schools by county and of fall 1987 first time freshmen at California institutions of higher education by county and sex. Contains 12 references. (SM)

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CALIFORNIA COLLEGE-GOING RATES 1987 UPDATE

The Eleventh in a Series of Reports on New Freshman Enrollment at California's Colleges and Universities by Recent Graduates of California High Schools

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Contents

Highlights of the Report 1

1 Background for the Analysis 3

- Scope of the Report 3
- Limitations of the Data 3
- Methodology 3

2. High School Graduates and Statewide College-Going Rates 5

- Number of High School Graduates 5
- Statewide College-Going Rates 6

3. University of California Participation Rates 9

- Differences Among Campuses 9
- Differences Among Counties 10
- Rates for Public and Private Schools 10
- University Participation Rates for Different Ethnic Groups 11

4. California State University Participation Rates 13

- Differences Among Campuses 13
- Differences Among Counties 13
- Differences Between Public and Private Schools 14
- Participation Rates for Different Ethnic Groups 15

5. Community College Participation Rates 17

- Trends in Statewide Rates 17
- Differences Among Counties 17
- Additional Comments on Selected Counties 17

6. Participation Rates for Independent Institutions 23

- Institutional Changes from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 23
- Differences Among Counties 23

7. Differences in Enrollment of Men and Women 25

University of California Differences 25
California State University Differences 25
California Community College Differences 25
The Public Segments Combined 25
Differences Among Campuses 25

8. Ethnicity of Students 27

Public High School Graduates 27
University of California 27
California State University 29
California Community Colleges 30
The Combined Segments 30
Ethnic Groups Participation Rates 31

Appendix A: Percentages of Recent High School Graduates Enrolling in Each Segment of California Higher Education by County and Year, 1976, 1978, and 1980-1987 33

Appendix B: Ethnic Distribution of 1986-87 Graduates of Public California High Schools by County and of Fall 1987 First-Time Freshmen at the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges, by County and Sex 47

References 71

Highlights of the Report

1. *The overall college-going rate:* College-going rates are the percentages of California high school graduates age 19 and under who enroll in California's institutions of higher education. The overall college-going rate for graduates in 1986-87 was 56.2, meaning that 56.2 percent of all recent California high school graduates went on to a college or university that fall. This rate is slightly lower than for the previous year, probably because of reporting differences. The statewide college-going rates have stayed relatively stable with minor fluctuations since 1983, so it is not likely that the slight decline in 1987 is a precursor of a trend of any significance.

2. *High school graduates:* The number of California high school graduates increased by close to 6 percent in 1986-87, the first such increase since 1981-82, for a total of 262,921 graduates. This increase of more than 14,000 graduates is interesting because it occurred at the same time that the total number of high school seniors continued to decline -- a decline that will likely continue through next year. The increase in the *number* of graduates means this overall freshman enrollment in many institutions went up at the same time that their college-going rate declined -- as was the case, for instance, at the University of California.

3. *University of California rate:* The participation rate for the University decreased slightly to 7.7 for Fall 1987, after having increased steadily over a ten-year period from 5.1 for Fall 1976 to 7.9 for Fall 1986. However, the number of new freshmen who enrolled in the University after graduating from high school increased 3.7 percent because of the larger number of high school graduates in 1986-87 than the previous year. Increases in new freshman enrollment also occurred at five of the eight general campuses of the University.

4. *California State University rate:* The participation rate for the State University increased again for Fall 1987 to a high of 10.7 after having remained at about 9.0 for a five-year period beginning in 1980, and having climbed from 7.5 in 1975. The number of new State University freshmen increased by 10.1 percent over the Fall 1986 figures, because of the increase in high school graduates, and 16 of the 19 campuses had larger new freshman enrollments in Fall 1987 than in Fall 1986. Eight of these increases were larger than the 10.0 percent systemwide increase.

5. *California Community College rate:* The computed participation rate for the Community Colleges for Fall 1987 was 34.4 -- 1.9 percentage points lower than for Fall 1986 but probably more accurate than in previous years because of better reporting and computer programming to eliminate students classified as freshmen who were not regularly enrolled in college-credit programs. However, some problems of under- and over-reporting remain for some colleges, and a conclusion can be defended that the rate has not changed significantly since it dropped in 1983, although the precise rate cannot be computed.

6. *The rate for independent colleges and universities:* The rate for California's independent institutions remained at 3.4 for Fall 1987 for the 47 institutions that responded to the Commission's request for information, but it is judged to be lower than the actual rate. The number of new freshmen from California high schools whom these institutions reported increased 9.1 percent over Fall 1986 to a total of 9,478. Twelve institutions reported substantial increases in their new California freshmen, while eight enrolled substantially fewer.

7. *Men and women among the freshmen:* The University's participation rates were similar for men and women in Fall 1987 -- 7.1 for men and 7.2 for women. Women comprised 51.5 percent of the new freshmen age 19 and under, although they

were only 51.2 percent of the public high school graduates.

The State University's participation rate for women was 11.1 for Fall 1987, compared with 9.3 for men. Women constituted 55:4 percent of the new freshmen and men, 44.6 percent.

Participation rates for men and women in the Community Colleges were both 33.3 and differed by less than one-tenth of a percentage point. Women constituted 51.3 percent of the new Community College freshmen.

Thus a larger number of women than men is graduating from high school in California, and larger numbers are enrolling in higher education in this State.

8. *Ethnicity of new freshmen:* Proportions for Asian, Filipino, and Hispanic students were slightly larger in the Fall 1987 ethnic distribution of new freshmen in public higher education than in Fall 1986, while proportions for American Indian, Black, and white students were all smaller. Compared with the ethnic distribution of public high school graduates in 1986-87, however, Black and Hispanic youth continued to be seriously underenrolled in higher education, while the proportions of American Indian, Asian, and Filipino students continued to be larger in the ethnic distribution of college and university freshmen than in the distribution of high school graduates.

Looked at another way and discounting what appears to be erroneous reporting for American Indian students, the highest overall participation rate was found for Filipino high school graduates -- 68.9, followed by Asian graduates with 61.0, white graduates with 48.7, Black graduates with 45.4, and Hispanic graduates with 37.4. Rates differed by segment for the various ethnic groups, with 17.3 percent of the Asian graduates enrolling as freshmen in the University and 26.4 percent in the Community Colleges, compared to 4.8 percent of the Black graduates enrolling in the University but 32.8 in the Community Colleges.

While gains were small, the University increased the proportions of its new freshmen who were Black men and women and Hispanic and Asian men from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987. However, only Asian students have shown a steady increase in proportion since 1979. In the State University's ethnic distribution, proportions increased for Black women, Hispanic men and women, and Asian women in Fall 1987 over Fall 1986. Finally, in the Community Colleges, proportions for Asian men and women and Hispanic women increased in the ethnic distribution from 1986 to 1987, but the proportions for Black men and women and Hispanic men all decreased. Thus there have been some slight shifts among the segments in the enrollment of the major ethnic minority groups, with some differences within the groups with regard to participation rates for men and women.

1 *Background for the Analysis*

THIS is the eleventh annual report on the flow of students from high school to higher education in California, with information reproduced and updated from previous reports (Commission, 1978, 1979, 1981, 1982a, 1982b, 1983, 1985b, 1985d, 1986, and 1987). The first year for which college-going rates were computed is 1974, although the first report was not published until 1978.

A major purpose of these reports is to identify trends in college-going rates since 1974 and to analyze changes in rates experienced by the various segments of higher education and by counties in light of statewide trends. The reports also provide a basis for analyzing changes in the ethnicity of first-time freshmen, compared with that of high school graduates.

Scope of the report

This report presents college-going rates for the three public segments of California higher education, which have been computed each year since Fall 1974, as well as rates for California's regionally accredited independent colleges and universities, which have been computed since 1977. It also reports these rates for each of California's 58 counties with at least 175 high school graduates each year plus data on the ethnicity of 1986-87 public high school graduates and first-time freshmen in the public segments from each county. The ethnicity of private high school graduates and freshmen in independent colleges and universities is not included because the data on student ethnicity in these segments is incomplete.

Limitations of the data

The scope of the report is limited by a lack of information about the flow of recent high school graduates into private postsecondary institutions that are not regionally accredited, some of which do not grant degrees. The inclusion of such students in the analysis would increase the statewide participation rates reported in this document by an amount that cannot be estimated at this time.

Two other gaps in information are the numbers of California high school graduates who enroll in colleges and universities in other states, and those who receive formal training offered under other auspices than colleges and universities -- for example, job-training programs that are not offered for college credit.

Thus, the college-going rates reported in later pages are underestimates of the percentages of young people who receive some type of postsecondary education after high school graduation.

Methodology

Statewide, segmental, and county college-going rates are obtained by dividing the number of first-time college and university freshmen 19 years of age and under enrolling both full time and part time each fall by the total number of the prior academic year's public and private high school graduates. These rates, expressed as percentages, provide the best available measure of California college-going rates for recent high school graduates, in the absence of a student data base with unique student identifiers.

Numbers of public and private high school graduates are obtained from the California Basic Education Data System of the State Department of Education. Data submitted annually to the California Postsecondary Education Commission by the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges are the source of information about the high schools of origin for their first-time freshmen. Information about first-time freshmen in independent colleges and universities comes from a special survey conducted by Commission staff with the cooperation of the Association of Independent California Colleges and Universities.

As in past years, some Community College districts submitted poor data for their first-time freshmen in

Fall 1987. Staff members at both the Commission and the Chancellor's Office of the California Community Colleges will continue their efforts to obtain accurate information from these districts.

2 *High School Graduates and Statewide College-Going Rates*

NUMBERS of high school graduates and percentages who enrolled as first-time freshmen in the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges appear in Display 1 below for a 14-year period (1974 through 1987) and for California's independent colleges and universities for an 11-year period (1977 through 1987). County-by-county statistics are reported in Appendix A on pages 33-46.

Number of high school graduates

The number of California high school graduates increased by over 14,000 between 1985-86 and 1986-87 for an overall 5.6 percent increase. The number of private high school graduates increased 10.3 percent to a total of 25,507, compared to an increase of 5.2 percent in public high school graduates and a total of 237,414. The reported increase in private high

DISPLAY 1 Statewide College-Going Rates for Recent High School Graduates, 1974-1987

Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen: University of California	The California State University	California Community Colleges	Total Public Segments	Independent Institutions	Grand Total
1974	289,714	5.1%	7.6%	41.3%	54.0%	---	---
1975	293,941	5.3	7.5	43.1	55.9	---	---
1976	289,454	5.1	7.8	41.7	54.6	---	---
1977	285,360	5.2	8.0	43.3	56.5	3.6%	60.1%
1978	283,841	5.5	8.4	41.4	55.3	3.4	58.7
1979	278,548	5.8	8.7	42.1	56.6	3.4	60.0
1980	270,971	6.0	9.0	43.0	58.0	3.5	61.5
1981	260,229	6.4	9.0	42.1	57.6	3.3	60.8
1982	265,924	6.4	9.0	42.8	58.2	3.2	61.4
1983	262,160	7.0	8.9	37.9	53.8	3.4	57.2
1984	257,633	7.5	8.9	36.3	52.7	3.3	56.0
1985	251,143	7.7	10.0	33.0	50.7	3.0	53.7
1986	248,894	7.9	10.2	36.3	54.4	3.4	57.8
1987	262,921	7.7	10.7	34.4	52.8	3.4	56.2

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

school graduates may represent a reversal of the decrease that was reported between 1984-85 and 1985-86 or may simply be a function of more complete reporting for this sector in 1986-87. A total of 262,921 students graduated from high school -- the largest number since 1982-83, which ended a three-year decline. However, this total is 7.2 percent less than the high of 293,941 that was reached in 1974-75.

Ethnicity of graduates

Changes are occurring in the numbers and percentages of California's public high school graduates among the major ethnic groups, and these changes are important in forecasting college and university enrollments because of the different college-going rates of these groups.

The rank-ordering of the ethnic groups in terms of their proportional representation in the public high school graduating class remained the same for 1986-87, with Hispanic graduates the largest minority group, followed by Asian, Black, Filipino, and American Indian graduates. However, the "distance" between the ranks for Hispanic and Asian male graduates decreased -- that is, their difference in percentages was smaller in 1986-87 than in 1985-86 -- although it increased for Asian and Black male graduates. Stated more simply, the number of Asian high school graduates of public schools has been increasing at a higher rate than numbers of Black and Hispanic graduates.

Changes for selected counties

Of the 33 counties with at least 1,000 high school graduates during 1986-87, 28 reported increases and five reported decreases, two of which were less than 1 percent. The largest decrease in *numbers* was reported by Alameda County, with 223 or 1.9 percent fewer graduates, and the largest *percentage* decrease was for El Dorado County, with 3.9 percent or 40 fewer graduates.

Statewide college-going rates

The University of California

The rate for the University of California decreased from 7.9 to 7.7 from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, or to the level computed for Fall 1985. However, the one-year increase in *number* of freshmen from California high schools was 3.7 percent or 733 students to 20,349. This 1987 update shows that the University continues to enroll a larger proportion of its freshman eligibility pool of 12.5 percent than does the State University with about one-third eligible and 10.7 percent enrolling as freshmen.

The California State University

The statewide rate for the California State University increased again from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 to 10.7 -- the highest level in the 14-year period during which rates have been computed. As was noted in last year's report, the rate remained virtually unchanged at about 9.0 for the five-year period beginning in Fall 1980, after which it increased to 10.0, then to 10.2, and now to 10.7. The increase in rate for Fall 1987 represents an increase of 10.0 percent or 2,559 students, for a total of 28,084 first-time freshmen who were recent graduates of California's public and private high schools.

The California Community Colleges

While the computed rate of 34.4 for the California Community Colleges is less than the 36.3 computed for Fall 1986, the difference may be attributed in large part to refinements in the student data base that eliminated some high school dropouts and concurrently enrolled high school students from the freshman count for Fall 1987. Unlike the case of the University and the State University, the actual numbers of new freshmen remained about the same in Fall 1986 and Fall 1987 -- about 90,500 new freshmen.

The independent colleges and universities

Year-to-year comparisons of rates for California's independent colleges and universities are made with caution because of differences in the set of institutions that are able to report each year and a continuing improvement in the accuracy of their reporting. In any case, the Fall 1987 rate of 3.4 remains among the highest for the 11-year period for which rates are available, and the number of new California freshmen who were reported to have enrolled increased 9.1 percent from Fall 1986 or by 9,478 because of the increase in the number of high school graduates.

Overall, the total rate for California institutions probably remained stable from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, while the total number of new freshmen who enrolled increased 3.5 percent or by more than 5,000.

3 University of California Participation Rates

THE participation rate for the University of California increased between Fall 1976 and Fall 1986 from 5.1 to 7.9 but decreased to 7.7 in Fall 1987. However, the University enrolled 733 or 3.7 percent more first-time freshmen who were California high school graduates in 1987 than in 1986 because of the increased number of high school graduates in 1986-87. As in Fall 1986, approximately 10 percent of the University's first-time freshmen had graduated from secondary schools in other states or countries or from high schools whose location was not recorded.

Differences among campuses

Numbers of first-time freshmen enrolled on each University general campus from Fall 1982 through Fall 1987 are shown in Display 2 below. Four campuses had increases larger than the systemwide 3.7 percent, while three campuses enrolled fewer freshmen in Fall 1987 than in 1986. The other general campus increased its freshman enrollment by only 3.2 percent.

The Riverside campus, which enrolled the smallest number of freshmen (1,566), had the largest percentage increase -- 43.7 percent or 476. The second largest increase occurred at the Davis campus -- 38.3 percent or 847 additional students, which then moved from sixth to second rank in Fall 1987 in the number of new freshmen it enrolled. The Los Angeles and Berkeley campuses maintained first and third ranks with percentage increases of 14.4 and 7.8, respectively (513 and 213 additional freshmen).

The San Diego campus maintained its rank of fifth among the campuses in regard to its freshman enrollment but had 11.6 percent fewer students (288), than in Fall 1986. Santa Barbara, with a decrease of 19.9 percent or 657 freshmen dropped from second to

DISPLAY 2 *Number of California High School Graduates Enrolled as First-Time Freshmen on Each University of California Campus, Fall 1982 Through Fall 1987*

Campus	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
Berkeley	2,726	3,801	3,478	3,140	2,738	2,951
Davis	2,327	2,295	2,769	2,468	2,214	3,061
Irvine	1,839	2,081	2,249	2,322	2,619	2,136
Los Angeles	3,663	3,549	3,579	3,708	3,561	4,074
Riverside	638	722	823	951	1,090	1,566
San Diego	2,064	2,140	2,376	2,092	2,488	2,200
Santa Barbara	2,733	2,745	2,696	3,227	3,304	2,647
Santa Cruz	905	990	1,232	1,319	1,602	1,714
TOTAL	16,895	18,323	19,202	19,227	19,616	20,349

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

fourth rank, and the Irvine campus, with a decrease of 18.4 percent or 483 students, dropped in rank from fourth to sixth.

The overall increase of 3.7 percent in the number of new University freshmen who graduated from California high schools, and a drop in rate from 7.9 to 7.7 from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, thus represents a wide range of changes across the campuses. A major reason for this instability is undoubtedly the lack of campus-level experience with the University's relatively new admissions procedures that allow applicants to seek admission to more than one campus. In any case, and despite these campus variations in growth, the University's new freshman enrollment of California students increased 20.4 percent during the past five years, although the number of high school graduates decreased 1.1 percent between 1981-82 and 1986-87.

Differences among counties

County-wide rates for the University for Fall 1976 through Fall 1987 are displayed in Appendix A. Among the 33 counties with at least 1,000 high school graduates in 1986-87, 13 had increases in their University-going rate of at least 0.2 percentage point over the previous year, 11 had decreases of at least 0.2 percentage point, and 9 were within this range when the rate for Fall 1987 was compared with that shown for Fall 1986.

Variation among the counties in University participation rates remained large in 1987. Among the largest counties, Marin (14.8) and Yolo (14.7) had the highest rates, followed by San Mateo and Santa Clara (10.6 each) and Contra Costa (10.1) -- all in northern California. Rates lower than half the statewide rate of 7.7 were registered by Merced (2.5), Tulare (2.8), Stanislaus and Kern (3.3 each), Shasta (3.4), Imperial, San Luis Obispo, and Placer (3.6 each), and San Joaquin (3.8).

Irrespective of changes from Fall 1986, the current rates appear to be related positively to the county's total number of high school graduates and population density, the location of a University campus within the county, and geography, with the San Francisco-Oakland metropolitan area having higher rates and central and far northern California having lower rates. There is some relationship between changes in campus enrollment level for freshmen and rates for the county in which the campus is located -- for example, Santa Barbara County's rate and its campus freshman enrollment both decreased, and Riverside County's rate and its campus enrollment both increased -- but no attribution of causation should be made without additional information about campus recruitment and admissions practices. Recent University efforts to reach out to potential students in central California appear to be increasing some rates there -- for example, in Fresno and Merced Counties -- but rates continue to be low in this area of the State.

Rates for public and private schools

Display 3 shows University participation rates for public and private school graduates separately for Fall 1984 through Fall 1987. In the current year, the University statewide participation rate for California's private high schools was 13.2, compared with 7.1 percent for public high schools. That difference is larger than that for the previous three years, at the end of which the private school rate was at a high of 13.2 while the public school rate remained quite stable. Comparative rates are shown in Display 3 for seven counties with large numbers of private high school graduates. The largest difference in rates occurred in Sacramento County, which had a public school rate of 5.6 and a private school rate of 15.3 -- the first below and the second above the statewide rates for these systems. Alameda County had the second largest difference in rates and the second highest private school rate among the counties in the display, with its private school rate of 16.9 being more than twice the combined public and private school statewide rate of 7.7. Other counties with large differences in rates are Santa Clara and Los Angeles, while Orange, San Diego, and San Francisco Counties had relatively small differences between their public and private school rates.

Looked at another way, 83.5 percent of the University's first-time freshmen from California in Fall 1987 had graduated from public schools and 16.5 from private schools. These figures may be compared with 84.4 percent public and 15.6 percent private school graduates in the Fall 1986 entering class.

DISPLAY 3 *Percentage of Public and Private High School Graduates from Selected Counties Enrolling as Freshmen at the University of California in the 1984, 1985, 1986 and 1987 Fall Terms*

	Fall 1984		Fall 1985		Fall 1986		Fall 1987	
	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private	Public	Private
Alameda	7.7%	14.7%	7.3%	14.3%	6.5%	16.5%	7.5%	16.9%
Los Angeles	7.3	13.3	7.7	14.1	7.9	12.2	7.8	14.0
Orange	8.7	10.9	9.0	11.5	9.9	10.7	9.2	11.3
Sacramento	5.4	12.7	5.3	13.2	5.7	11.8	5.6	15.3
San Diego	7.9	10.2	8.2	8.5	8.4	13.6	8.4	11.9
San Francisco	9.8	15.1	9.2	15.2	7.8	14.7	8.2	12.8
Santa Clara	8.8	13.8	9.5	14.7	9.1	17.5	9.9	17.1
All Counties	6.9	12.8	7.1	12.7	7.2	12.0	7.1	13.2

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission staff analysis.

Private high school graduates comprised only 9.7 percent of the total graduates from California schools in 1986-87 and thus are sending a larger proportion of their graduates to the University than are the public high schools.

University participation rates for different ethnic groups

University participation rates for ethnic groups can be computed only for graduates of public high schools because private high schools are not required to submit such information to the State. Display 4 shows the number of first-time freshmen who enrolled in Fall 1986 and 1987 at the University for each ethnic group and their participation rates, together with the percentage increase in numbers from year to year.

University participation rates ranged in Fall 1987 from 3.8 for Hispanic graduates of public high schools to 17.9 for Asian graduates. Between these extremes, other rates were 12.5 for Filipino, 9.4 for American Indian, 6.4 for white, and 4.8 for Black high school graduates. Numbers increased for all ethnic groups from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, with white students registering the smallest percentage increase (3.0) and American Indians the largest (49.5). However, the latter number is suspect, and the largest credible increase was for Hispanic graduates -- an increase of 17.3 percent but still with the lowest participation rate.

To these numbers should be added the freshmen in each ethnic group who graduated from private high schools but who could not be included in the computation of rates. These numbers are: 1,821 white graduates or 16.5 percent of this ethnic group of 11,059 freshmen; 233 Black graduates, or 20.7 percent of the total group of 1,128 Black freshmen; 609 Hispanic graduates, or 26.0 percent of the 2,346 Hispanic freshmen; 268 Asian graduates, or 7.0 percent of the 3,846 Asian freshmen; 238 Filipino graduates, or 26.8 percent of the Filipino freshmen; and 34 American Indian graduates, or 17.3 percent of the 197 freshmen who were American Indian.

DISPLAY 4 *Numbers and Participation Rates for University of California Freshmen from Public High Schools by Ethnic Group, Fall 1986 and 1987, Together with Percentage Increases*

	1986		1987		
Ethnic Group	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Percent Increase
White	8,973	6.4%	9,238	6.4%	3.0%
Black	774	4.3	895	4.8	15.6
Hispanic	1,481	3.4	1,737	3.8	17.3
Asian	3,390	17.9	3,578	17.3	5.5
Filipino	586	11.9	649	12.5	10.8
American Indian	109	6.6	163	9.4	49.5
TOTAL*	16,401	7.2%	16,966	7.1%	3.4%

*Includes non-resident aliens, non-respondents regarding ethnicity, and students who indicated "other" ethnicity.

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

4 California State University Participation Rates

THE participation rate for the California State University for first-time freshmen who were recent California high school graduates rose again in Fall 1987 -- this time by 0.5 percentage point to a new high of 10.7, or by 2,578 students. Because of the increase in number of high school graduates in 1986-87, the increase in number of freshmen who enrolled in Fall 1987 was 10.1 percent. The State University has thus increased its participation rate from 7.5 in Fall 1975 to 10.7 in Fall 1987, or an increase of 22.9 percent to 28,084 in Fall 1987, during a period in which the number of high school graduates decreased 10.6 percent.

The State University also reported that 999 new freshmen age 19 and under, or 3.4 percent of the total, had enrolled from other states or countries, or that their high school of origin was unknown.

Differences among campuses

Numbers of first-time freshmen who were recent California high school graduates are shown for each State University campus in Display 5 for Fall 1982 through Fall 1987. While the State University increased its new freshman enrollment statewide by 10.0 percent from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, three campuses had fewer freshmen this year than last. The Dominguez Hills campus -- now one of the three smallest in terms of first-time freshmen -- had 18.4 percent fewer new freshmen in Fall 1987 (down to 293). The Hayward and San Luis Obispo campuses had smaller decreases of 4.2 and 2.5 percent, respectively -- down to 621 and 1,445 freshmen.

The Sonoma campus, which had the smallest number of new freshmen in Fall 1986, had an increase in Fall 1987 of 45.7 percent to a total of 360 and a new rank of sixteenth. Seven other campuses among the 19 also experienced increases larger than the 10.0 percent statewide increase: Humboldt, with an increase of 21.6 percent to 693 freshmen; Los Angeles, with a 17.9 percent increase to 1,305; Pomona, with a 16.3 percent increase to 1,930; San Jose, with an increase of 15.1 percent to 2,038; San Diego, with an increase of 14.7 percent to 4,307; Bakersfield, with an increase of 14.4 percent to 293; and Chico, with an increase of 12.2 percent to 1,545.

These increases in freshman enrollments produced little change in campus ranks on the basis of size. The three campuses with the largest freshman classes -- San Diego, Long Beach, and Northridge -- accounted for more than one-third of the systemwide total, while the three smallest -- Bakersfield, Dominguez Hills, and Stanislaus -- accounted for only 3 percent of the total. The 2.5 percent decrease experienced by San Luis Obispo moved it from eighth to eleventh among the campus rankings, but the decreases for the Hayward and Dominguez Hills campuses lowered their ranks by only one place.

Differences among counties

Of the 33 counties with at least 1,000 high school graduates in 1986-87, 18 had an increase of more than 0.2 percentage point in their State University participation rate, 13 had a decrease of at least 0.2, and two had a change of 0.2 or less. The largest increase in rate occurred for Butte County, in which the Chico campus is located: a 3.6 percentage point increase to 17.5 -- by far the highest among the 33 counties, and the freshman enrollment on the Chico campus increased 12.2 percent. While the University of California's participation rate for Butte County remained below the systemwide rate, it also increased in Fall 1987.

The second largest increase in the State University rate occurred for Santa Barbara County. The increase was 1.6 percentage points to 6.3 -- still well below the statewide rate but compensating in part for the decrease of 2.5 percentage points in the University rate for Fall 1987, which in turn reflects the drop in freshman enrollment at the University's Santa Barbara campus.

DISPLAY 5 *Number of California High School Graduates Enrolled as First-Time Freshmen on Each State University Campus, Fall 1982 Through Fall 1987*

Campus	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987
Bakersfield	193	160	206	263	256	293
Chico	1,266	1,207	1,067	1,198	1,377	1,545
Dominguez Hills	308	323	302	259	359	293
Fresno	1,343	1,308	1,177	1,216	1,216	1,341
Fullerton	2,079	1,928	1,734	2,009	1,979	2,042
Hayward	726	688	658	623	648	621
Humboldt	576	462	417	510	570	693
Long Beach	2,564	2,344	2,020	2,535	2,922	3,234
Los Angeles	969	1,006	969	1,061	1,107	1,305
Northridge	2,910	2,674	2,783	2,917	2,700	2,900
Pomona	1,826	1,600	1,752	1,646	1,660	1,930
Sacramento	1,294	1,310	1,281	1,436	1,286	1,359
San Bernardino	241	300	320	384	484	520
San Diego	2,591	2,881	3,186	3,608	3,754	4,307
San Francisco	1,306	1,253	1,386	1,491	1,527	1,566
San Jose	1,962	1,672	1,386	1,774	1,770	2,038
San Luis Obispo	1,454	1,645	1,849	1,711	1,482	1,445
Sonoma	210	253	226	240	247	360
Stanislaus	260	236	240	225	281	292
TOTAL	24,018	23,250	22,959	25,106	25,525	28,084

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

Finally, the six counties with the highest participation rates all have at least one State University campus within their borders: Butte, 17.5; San Francisco, 16.1; Fresno, 14.3; Santa Clara, 13.9; Orange, 12.4; and Los Angeles, 12.2. Four counties with participation rates that were less than half the statewide State University rate in Fall 1987 were Imperial, 2.9; Shasta, 4.4; San Joaquin, 4.5; and Tulare, 4.8. Other counties where State University campuses are located but which have rates below the statewide 10.7 rate were Kern, 8.7; Sacramento 8.9; San Bernardino, 8.0; Sonoma, 6.3; and Stanislaus, 8.2.

Differences between public and private schools

Private high school graduates comprised 13.6 percent of the new State University freshmen age 19 and under in Fall 1987, with public high school graduates comprising the remaining 86.4 percent. Looked at another way, the State University participation rate for private school graduates was 15.0 in Fall 1987, compared with 10.2 for public school graduates and 10.7 for the combined groups. The private school rate decreased from Fall 1986 when it was 15.5, while the public school rate increased from 9.7. However, both rates were higher in Fall 1987 than

Fall 1985, when they were 13.9 for private and 9.6 for public California high schools.

Participation rates for different ethnic groups

Among public school graduates, the participation rate in the State University increased for each ethnic group in Fall 1987. Asian students continued to have the highest participation rate, which increased 1.0 percentage point to 17.3. Hispanic students still had the lowest rate after an increase of 0.8 percentage point to 6.2. Rates for the other groups in Fall 1987 were, from highest to lowest, 15.9 for Filipino, 10.4 for American Indian, 9.6 for white, and 7.8 for Black high school graduates, compared with an overall rate of 10.1 for all public school graduates.

Hispanic students -- with the lowest participation rate -- experienced a 23.4 percent increase in numbers of new freshmen between Fall 1986 and Fall 1987, which was the largest among the six ethnic groups. Asian students, already with the highest rate, had the smallest percentage increase -- 9.0. Increases in numbers of freshmen for the other groups were from largest to smallest -- American Indian, 14.7; Black, 12.3; Filipino, 9.5; and white, 9.3; with an overall increase in numbers of 10.6 percent.

While the ethnicity of the total group of graduates of private high schools is not known, information about those who enrolled as freshmen in the State University is useful in this analysis of ethnicity. Of the new Hispanic freshmen enrolling in Fall 1987, 20.2 percent were private high school graduates, for a combined total of 3,591 from public and private schools. While a total of 3,761 Asian freshmen enrolled in Fall 1987, only 5.0 were private high school graduates. Among the remaining groups, 19.6 percent of the 1,028 Filipino freshmen were private school graduates, as were 14.2 percent of the 1,717 Black freshmen, 13.9 percent of the 208 American Indian freshmen, and 13.6 percent of the 16,189 white freshmen, compared with 13.6 percent of all new freshmen from California high schools.

5 *Community College Participation Rates*

THE Community College participation rate for Fall 1987 of 34.4 is lower by 1.9 percentage points than that for Fall 1986, but the decrease is believed to be attributable primarily to a more accurate classification of new freshmen -- specifically, the elimination of (1) high school students enrolled in Community Colleges for credit and (2) new Community College students enrolled solely in non-credit programs. Thus the participation rates for Fall 1987 and earlier probably were lower than the 36.3 computed for Fall 1986 and may have remained the same or even increased for some counties in Fall 1987.

Still, rates for a few counties remain unusually high -- above 40 percent, and it is possible that concurrently enrolled students may still be misclassified as freshmen by their colleges. It is also possible that some computed rates are lower than the actual rates because of the failure of colleges to count new freshmen who had enrolled earlier as high school students in Community College courses for credit.

Data problems that persist from past years in some Community Colleges and districts include but are not limited to (1) the definition of first-time freshmen used in this report, and (2) coding of the high school of origin of students from outside the colleges' service areas. This 1987 update is published now because of the demand from the field for information at the earliest possible date, but staff intends to continue work during the coming months to refine data for past years and obtain better data for Fall 1988 and beyond.

Trends in statewide rates

The annual rates for Community Colleges shown in Display 1 that date back to Fall 1974 need to be interpreted with caution because of problems previously discussed that vary across the colleges from year to year. However, it is quite clear that the systemwide rate declined from above 40 percent for at least nine years to 37.9 percent in Fall 1983 and has remained in the 30s since then. Reasons for the decrease in rate may include the change in the financing of Community Colleges that resulted from Proposition 13, the expectation that tuition and fees would be charged as a means of increasing their funding, the subsequent State imposition of such fees, and the decrease in course and program offerings that resulted from reduced enrollments following these other conditions.

The extent to which increases in the University and State University participation rates since 1982 have had a negative impact on Community College rates cannot be assessed with the data at hand. However, the changing characteristics of the high school population might support the inference that the pools from which Community Colleges tend to draw their students more heavily than the other segments have been increasing -- namely, underrepresented ethnic minorities, low-income, limited-English speaking, and other disadvantaged students.

Differences among counties

Among the 33 counties with at least 1,000 high school graduates in 1986-87, 17 had Fall 1987 rates that were above the statewide rate of 34.4; 13 were below this rate; and 3 had rates that were approximately the same as the statewide rate. Among the largest counties, San Mateo reported the highest Community College participation rate for Fall 1987 -- 52.2, which was the highest ever recorded for that county. However, it is possible that the rate includes some high school students who were taking college courses for credit before they graduated and matriculated in college. Other counties with rates above 40 in Fall 1987 were Imperial, 44.3 (less than Fall 1986); Santa Cruz, 43.6; Sacramento, 42.9; and Placer, 40.5.

Additional comments on selected counties

Additional analysis of county rates and freshman college enrollments for 15 of the 33 counties with the largest numbers of high school graduates in 1986-87

may be helpful in understanding statewide trends. In examining relationships, it is important to remember that county rates represent percentages of high school graduates who enroll in any Community College in the State -- not necessarily one in their county of residence or service area. At the same time, enrollment statistics include all new freshmen at each college, regardless of their county of origin or location of the high school from which they graduated -- provided it is a California public or private high school.

Failure of some Community Colleges to identify the high schools from which some of their new freshmen graduated confounds year-to-year changes. Students without such codes may simply have registered late or may not belong in the freshman count because of concurrent enrollment in another institution, status as a noncredit student, or with no information available. Significant progress was made between 1986 and 1987 in increasing the number of freshmen with what appear to be at least county codes, but some colleges continue to need improvement in recording high school codes.

Los Angeles County

The Community College participation rate for Los Angeles County decreased to a low of 32.1 for Fall 1987, at a time when its State University rate increased and both its University and the State University rates remained above the statewide rates. However, a serious problem with the data for at least one college in the Los Angeles district lowered the district's enrollment of new freshmen by 3.6 percent from its Fall 1986 level. In any case, three colleges in the district -- City, Mission, and West -- all showed increases over Fall 1986, while the remaining six showed decreases, some of which might be attributable to problems in reporting.

Outside the district, four Community Colleges showed increases, three showed decreases, and five showed virtually no change when Fall 1987 statistics are compared with those for Fall 1986. However, some of the increase may be due to what appears to be better reporting in Fall 1987 by Long Beach City College and Mt. San Antonio College. At the same time, the decreases for Compton College (55.6 percent to 231) and Santa Monica College (19.3 percent to 1,644) are unexpectedly large but unrelated to any obvious reporting problems in Fall 1987.

These comments on particular colleges illustrate the problem of attempting to be specific about changes in the Community College participation rate for Los Angeles County. However, it appears quite certain that while the county rate remains below the statewide rate, some colleges in all parts of the county are increasing their new freshman enrollments.

Orange County

The Orange County participation rate for Community Colleges decreased in Fall 1987 to 38.7 -- the lowest level in 14 years but still above the statewide rate of 34.4. As was true for Los Angeles, the county rate increased for the State University, and University and State University rates both remained above the statewide rates.

Reporting by the eight colleges in four districts in Orange County appears to be reliable, and enrollments were stable from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 in five of these colleges. Of the three remaining colleges, Fullerton had an increase of 4.4 percent to 2,164 while Coastline had a decrease of 10.0 percent to 189 and Irvine Valley a decrease of 8.9 percent to 88 new freshmen.

The number of Orange County high school graduates increased 9.0 percent from 1985-86 to 1986-87, but new freshman enrollment was virtually unchanged during the past two years, with the caveat that little is known about student flow both into and out of the county.

San Diego County

The San Diego County participation rate for Community Colleges appeared to decline from 38.9 in Fall 1986 to 32.6 in Fall 1987, but numbers may have been inflated in 1986 by (1) the inclusion of university freshmen who received their remedial instruction from Community Colleges and (2) reporting problems in Fall 1987 by at least one college that reduced the county's total number of reported freshmen.

With the exception of two colleges with relatively small increases of less than 5 percent -- Grossmont and Southwestern, each with an increase -- the trend in the five Community College districts in San Diego County was toward a generally lower level of new freshman enrollments in Fall 1987. The county's University rate also decreased while remaining

above the statewide rate, and its State University rate increased while remaining below the statewide rate. The county's rate also increased for independent colleges and universities to above the statewide rate, probably because of higher enrollment of local students at the University of San Diego.

Santa Clara County

The Santa Clara County participation rate for Community Colleges also decreased from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 but remained above the statewide rate both years. Its University and State University rates were also above the statewide rates in Fall 1987 and showed an increase over Fall 1986. When enrollment data are combined for the four segments of California higher education, Santa Clara County has at least the second highest participation rate -- 64.9 -- among the 33 largest counties. (The statement is qualified because of suspect Community College data for the county with the highest computed rate.)

Community College trends for Santa Clara County were indistinct because of unacceptable reporting by most colleges until Fall 1986, and some problems continue to the present. However, it is quite clear that new freshman enrollment in Santa Clara County's Community Colleges declined in Fall 1987, with four colleges showing decreased enrollments, one college showing nearly equal numbers for the past two years, and two colleges showing small increases -- Ohlone with an increase of 7.6 percent to 908 new freshmen, and Mission with an increase of 5.1 percent to 269. The overall decrease in new Community College students in the county's seven Community Colleges was 6.3 percent, at a time when the number of county high school graduates increased 5.8 percent.

Alameda County

The Community College participation rate for Alameda County high school graduates increased to 38.2 for Fall 1987-- well above the statewide rate and 6.3 percentage points higher than in Fall 1986. However, the net number of new freshmen in the county's five Community Colleges remained almost the same, indicating that sizable numbers of Alameda County students may be attending Community Colleges in other counties since the county's decrease in high school graduates could not alone account for the changes. Only Chabot College in the county experienced an increase in Fall 1987 -- 5.8 percent, to 2,258, or more than twice the freshman enrollment of the four Peralta district colleges in the county.

University and State University participation rates also increased for Alameda County high school graduates in Fall 1987 -- both above the statewide rates, as did the rate for independent institutions. The combined rate for the four segments reached a high of 61.3 -- 8.5 percentage points higher than Fall 1986 and one of the highest for the 33 largest counties.

San Bernardino County

San Bernardino County's Community College participation rate increased 4.8 percentage points in Fall 1987 to 35.4 -- slightly above the statewide rate, while its University and State University rates remained below the statewide rates. The former increased to 4.6 and the latter decreased to 8.0, at a time when the county's number of high school graduates increased 5.4 percent.

Freshman enrollment increased in Fall 1987 in three of the five Community Colleges in four districts in the county, with decreases occurring only at very small Barstow College (to 81 new freshmen) and Victor Valley College (to 312). The net increase across the colleges was 25.0 percent, with the largest increase found at Chaffey College -- 30.0 percent, to 1,222 new freshmen. However, Chaffey has had data problems in the past, and what appears to be a significant gain in Fall 1987 may be little more than a return to an earlier level.

Both colleges in the San Bernardino district experienced large gains from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 -- 79.5 for Crafton Hills to 308 and 31.2 for San Bernardino Valley to 988. However, data for this district have shown fluctuations from year to year that make these large increases somewhat suspect. Given the low participation rates for the University and the State University, the current Community College rate appears to be credible.

Sacramento County

The already high participation rate of 40.5 for Sacramento County high school graduates increased to 40.9 in Fall 1987, and Sacramento County's University and State University participation rates

were also higher in Fall 1987 than Fall 1986 but remained below the statewide rates for these segments. The county's participation rate for independent institutions also increased but remained below the statewide rate. Because of its high Community College rate, the county's combined rate for the four segments was 61.1 or above the statewide rate of 56.2

Sacramento County has a three-college district that had a net increase in new freshmen of 2.1 percent in Fall 1987, with American River College showing an increase of 7.8 percent to 2,284, Cosumnes River showing a decrease of 7.0 percent to 674, and Sacramento City College remaining at about 1,300 new freshmen. Nearby Sierra College, which is located in Placer County, increased its freshman enrollment in Fall 1987 by 16.4 percent to 1,412, due in part to its location in an area where the population is growing.

Contra Costa County

Contra Costa County also has a three-college district and has what might be called an unstable Community College participation rate that dropped from an artificially high 50.4 in Fall 1986 to a more reasonable 36.9 in Fall 1987, probably as a result of eliminating concurrently enrolled high school students from the statistics for freshmen. Because of high school coding problems that have persisted into Fall 1987, year-to-year comparisons of new freshman enrollments at the three colleges have little validity.

Contra Costa is one of the few counties whose University participation rate exceeds the State University rate -- 10.1 for the former and 9.9 for the latter in Fall 1987, and with the former above the statewide rate but lower in the current year then in Fall 1986, and with the latter below the statewide rate but above that computed for Fall 1986. However, the difference in these two rates has been narrowing as a function of (1) the decrease in the University rate since Fall 1983 and (2) sizable numbers of University students beginning their baccalaureate work in Community Colleges.

The county's combined participation rate for Fall 1987 was 60.6 -- above the statewide rate and impressive for a county without a public university campus that enrolls freshmen.

Riverside County

Riverside County has also had fluctuations in its Community College participation rate that are difficult to explain and that ended in a decrease of 5.3 percentage points to 28.0 in Fall 1987 -- well below the statewide rate. Rates for the University and the State University were both 6.3 in Fall 1987 and represented an increase from 5.9 for the University and a decrease from 6.5 for the State University. Adding the independent sector, the county had a low combined rate of 42.0 for all four segments in Fall 1987.

The county's four Community Colleges all enrolled fewer new freshmen in Fall 1987 than in Fall 1986, but the data for Palos Verde College are probably in error -- a reported decrease to 25 new freshmen. This occurred at a time when the county's number of high school graduates increased by 8.5 percent. What is happening in the county is not at all clear in regard to college attendance, but the Community Colleges have proposed the establishment of new off-campus centers in areas of growing population.

Ventura County

Both the Community College participation rate and the number of new freshmen who enrolled in Ventura County's Community Colleges decreased from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, at a time when the county's number of high school graduates increased 9.4 percent. A major decrease was found for the three-college Ventura Community College District -- from 39.5 to 28.8. The county's combined rate for all California higher education was 46.1 in Fall 1987 -- the first time that it has fallen below 50.0 during the period for which rates have been computed. The rate for each of the four segments of higher education was below the statewide rate in Fall 1987, and each of the public rates was a decrease from Fall 1986.

Among the three Community Colleges, Oxnard -- the smallest and newest of the three -- had an increase in freshman enrollment in Fall 1987, but both Moorpark and Ventura had decreases, with a net decrease of 19.9 percent to 2,294 new freshmen.

Fresno County

The Community College participation rate for Fresno County high school graduates increased from

Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, as did the rate for each of the four-year segments. The Community College rate increased 1.5 percentage points to 37.9 -- above the statewide rate -- as was the rate for the State University. It appears that the University's new outreach center in the city of Fresno may be having a positive impact on college going in general in the county, as well as on the University rate that has been historically low but increased significantly during the past two years.

Of the three Community Colleges in the county, Fresno City College -- by far the largest -- increased its freshman enrollment 6.7 percent in Fall 1987, while Kings River remained at about 480 new freshmen, and West Hills had a 24.8 decrease to 186 new students.

San Francisco County

San Francisco County is served by a single Community College that had a decrease in freshman enrollment in Fall 1987 of 4.1 percent, to 1,762 new students. However, the Community College-going rate for graduates of San Francisco high schools increased 6.1 percentage points over Fall 1986 to 32.8, while there was an increase of 11.4 in San Francisco high school graduates.

Participation rates also decreased for the University and State University in Fall 1987, although both remained above the statewide rates. The rate for independent institutions increased to 4.1, thus producing an overall rate of 60.5 that was above the Fall 1986 county rate and the statewide rate for Fall 1987.

San Mateo County

San Mateo County's overall rate of 78.4 for Fall 1987 is probably inflated by a 52.2 percent Community College rate that may include high school students enrolled for college credit, as in past years. Coding problems persist for the Community Colleges in San Mateo County, and little can be said about changes in freshman rates from year to year.

In any case, rates increased for both the University -- to 10.6, well above the statewide rate -- and the State University -- to 10.7, which was the statewide rate in Fall 1987.

Kern County

The Kern County participation rate for Community Colleges dropped 10.8 percentage points to a low of 30.6 in Fall 1987, but the decrease is thought to be attributable to the exclusion of high school students who were enrolled for college credit and who may have been counted as college freshmen in previous years.

The county's State University rate increased by 0.8 percentage point to 8.7 but remained below the statewide rate, while the already low University rate dropped by 0.1 to 3.3.

Santa Barbara County

Participation rates for Santa Barbara County and their changes from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 present a final, somewhat unique pattern. The county's Community College rate dropped to 38.5 in Fall 1987 from 44.5 in Fall 1986 and 39.2 in Fall 1985. The variation appears to be related to coding problems for one of the two Community Colleges in the county, and the Fall 1987 rate is thought to be more reliable than previous, higher rates.

Notable is the county's 2.5 percentage point decrease in rate for the University to 7.3 for Fall 1987, which corresponds somewhat to the decreased freshman enrollment on the Santa Barbara campus. At the same time, the county's State University rate rose 1.6 to 6.3 in Fall 1987 -- still well below the statewide rate but the highest in the 14-year period during which rates have been computed. The overall rate for Santa Barbara County is now 55.6 -- or 0.6 percentage point below the statewide rate.

6 *Participation Rates for Independent Institutions*

THE rate of enrollment of recent graduates of public and private high schools in the State as new freshmen at California's independent colleges and universities remained at 3.4 in Fall 1987. However, the number of new freshmen increased 9.1 percent to 9,478 as a result of the increase in number of high school graduates in 1986-87 and also the inclusion of four additional institutions in the analysis for Fall 1987. When freshman enrollments are compared among institutions that reported both years, the increase is reduced to 6.2 percent. In any case, both these numbers and participation rates should be regarded as underestimates of the actual numbers of California high school graduates who enroll as freshmen in independent California colleges and universities because of incomplete reporting by this segment.

Display 6 on the next page shows the number of recent California high school graduates who enrolled as first-time freshmen in Fall 1987 in each of 47 regionally accredited, independent colleges and universities that reported such information. Of the 47 institutions, 23 enrolled fewer than 100 new freshmen from California, nine enrolled at least 100 but fewer than 200, six enrolled between 200 and 300, and nine enrolled more than 300. The University of Southern California enrolled the largest number -- 1,572 or 16.2 percent of the total. The seven institutions enrolling the largest numbers of freshmen accounted for half the total group of freshmen from California. At the other extreme, six institutions reported fewer than 10 freshmen from California. The median for all 47 institutions was 120 freshmen in Fall 1987.

Institutional changes from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987

California high school graduates are, of course, only one source of new students for independent colleges and universities, most of whom prefer to enroll a student mix that includes both California and out-of-state and foreign students. Therefore, changes from year to year in numbers of California students may not reflect an overall increase or decrease in freshman enrollments. Among the notable increases in Fall 1987 were those reported by Biola University in Los Angeles County, California Baptist College in Riverside, Chapman College in Orange County, Marymount College in Rancho Palos Verdes, Pacific Union College in Napa County, Saint Mary's College in Contra Costa County, the University of the Pacific in Stockton, the University of San Diego, the University of San Francisco and the University of Southern California, Whittier College, and Woodbury University, all in Los Angeles.

Eight independent institutions enrolled substantially fewer California freshmen in Fall 1987, but only Occidental College showed a three-year decrease in such enrollments -- from 243 in Fall 1985 to 190 in Fall 1987. The remaining five with data for all three years tended to show increased numbers of California freshmen in Fall 1986, followed by a decrease in Fall 1987 to about the level enrolled in Fall 1985.

Differences among counties

Eighteen of the 33 counties with the largest numbers of high school graduates in 1986-87 had increases of at least 0.2 percentage point from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 in their independent college and university participation rate, while 11 had decreases of at least this magnitude and four had virtually no change. The increases occurred for the most part among counties that were below the statewide rate of 3.4 in both 1986 and 1987, with only San Diego, San Francisco, San Joaquin, and Napa Counties above this rate. There is some relationship between institutional increases and increases in county rates -- for example, the University of San Diego, the Univer-

DISPLAY 6 Numbers of Recent California High School Graduates Enrolling as First-Time Freshmen in Regionally Accredited Independent Colleges and Universities, Fall 1987

Institution	Number	Institution	Number
Azusa Pacific University	212	Patten College	9
Biola University	285	Pepperdine University	239
California Baptist College	121	Pitzer College	74
California College for Developmental Studies	1	Point Loma Nazarene College	315
California College of Arts and Crafts	44	Pomona College	151
California Institute of the Arts	32	Saint Mary's College	423
California Institute of Technology	77	Samuel Merritt College of Nursing	11
California Lutheran College	173	San Francisco Conservatory of Music	9
Chapman College	228	Santa Clara University	497
Christ College, Irvine	83	Scripps College	75
Claremont McKenna College	120	Simpson College	9
Cogswell College	4	Southern California College	90
College of Notre Dame	60	Stanford University	495
Dominican College of San Rafael	33	U. S. International University	62
Fresno Pacific College	74	University of the Pacific	727
Humphreys College	41	University of LaVerne	170
Loyola Marymount University	598	University of San Diego	501
The Master's College	91	University of San Francisco	197
Marymount College, Palos Verdes	298	University of Southern California	1,532
Mills College	90	Westmont College	248
Mount Saint Mary's College	180	Whittier College	153
Northrop University	35	Woodbury University	96
Occidental College	190	World College West	7
Pacific Union College	318	TOTAL	9,478

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

sity of San Francisco, the University of the Pacific, and, most notably, Pacific Union College -- the latter related to Napa County's rate of 10.1 for Fall 1987.

Thus the data for the independent segment suggest that many of these institutions offer opportunities to local high school graduates in particular, while serving both statewide and national constituencies. Reporting by this segment continues to improve each year, in terms of both accuracy and completeness, and increased efforts will be made to obtain data from all institutions for Fall 1988.

7 Differences in Enrollment of Men and Women

University of California differences

The University of California's participation rate for men who graduated from public California high schools in 1986-87 was 7.1, compared with 7.2 for women. Women comprised 51.2 percent of the State's public high school graduates that year and 51.5 percent of the University's freshmen in Fall 1987, although their participation rate was only slightly higher than that of men. Private high schools do not report the sex of their graduates, but the proportions of men and women enrolling in the University after graduating from these high schools were the same as those for public high school graduates.

In Fall 1977, women constituted only 49 percent of the University's new freshmen, but men are now the minority with only 48.5 percent. However, the participation rate for women who graduated from public high schools decreased from 7.4 in Fall 1986 to 7.2 in Fall 1987, while the rate for men remained at 7.1.

California State University differences

The California State University participation rate for men who graduated from public high schools in 1986-87 was 9.3, compared with 11.1 for women. This difference in rates, together with the larger proportion of women than men among the recent high school graduates, produced a ratio in Fall 1987 of 44.6 percent men to 55.4 percent women -- maintaining the 45:55 ratio of the past four fall terms.

California Community College differences

California Community College participation rates for men and women in Fall 1987 differed by less than one-tenth of a percentage point -- 33.4 for men and 33.3 for women who graduated from public high schools in 1986-87. However, women constituted 51.3 percent of the new freshmen and men, 48.7. Comparisons with previous years are not feasible because of coding problems.

The public segments combined

The overall participation rate for men who enrolled in public California higher education in Fall 1987 was 49.8, compared with 51.6 for women. At the same time, women constituted 52.1 percent of the new freshmen and men,47.9 percent.

Differences among campuses

On two general campuses of the University -- Los Angeles and Riverside -- the percentages of men and women among freshmen were about equal in Fall 1987. At Berkeley and San Diego, there were more men than women -- 53.8 to 46.2 at Berkeley and 52.9 to 47.1 at San Diego. Women were the majority systemwide, however, as well as on four campuses. The Santa Cruz campus had the largest percentage for women (40.7 men and 59.3 women), while Davis had a ratio of 46.1 to 53.9, men to women; Irvine, 45.2 to 54.8; and Santa Barbara, 46.9 to 53.1.

In the State University, women were a majority on 15 of the 19 campuses, with men the majority at Pomona and San Luis Obispo, and men and women about equal in numbers at Humboldt and San Jose. The largest percentage for women was reported by the Dominguez Hills campus, where there were about twice as many women as men among the freshmen, followed by Hayward, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Long Beach, and Sacramento.

The 31 independent institutions that reported the sex of their new freshmen showed a ratio of 37.1 men to 62.9 women. However, several major institutions could not report the sex of their students, thus making it infeasible to generalize from the computed ratio.

8 *Ethnicity of Students*

Public high school graduates

The ethnic distributions of the graduates of California's public high schools are shown in Display 7 on the next page for selected years beginning in 1979, together with those for the University, the State University, and the Community Colleges. The most notable trends that can be discerned from the display between 1978-79 and 1986-87 are:

1. The steady decrease in the proportions of public high school graduates who are non-Hispanic white from 69.7 for men and 69.3 for women to 60.9 for men and 61.4 for women;
2. The increase in the proportions of Hispanic graduates from 15.0 for both men and women to 19.0 for men and 19.6 for women;
3. The increases in proportions of Asian graduates from 4.7 for men and 4.5 for women to 9.2 for men and 8.2 for women; and
4. The less-than-steady decreases in the proportions of Black graduates from 9.0 for men and 9.5 for women to 7.4 for men and 8.4 for women.

When the distributions for 1985-86 and 1986-87 are compared, Hispanic and Asian graduates show increases of no more than 0.4 percentage point, while Black graduates show a 0.2 percentage point decrease for men and no change for women. The percentages for women among the white, Black, and Hispanic groups are larger than those for men, but the reverse is true for 1986-87 Asian graduates.

Caution needs to be exercised in interpreting these changes in the ethnicity of high school graduates for several reasons:

- First, ethnic information is available only for the public schools and little is known about the ethnic distribution of private school graduates.
- Second, rates of high school graduation and college enrollment differ for men and women in different ethnic groups and data sources and availability vary from year to year.
- Finally, the proportions of various ethnic groups in the high school graduating class differ from those in the high school population generally because of differing rates of attrition. Thus Community College-going rates for some ethnic groups may be inflated, since high school dropouts at least 18 years of age may enroll as regular students in a Community College.

University of California

Ethnicity of new freshmen

Highlights for the University from Display 7 are the following:

- The proportions of Hispanic freshmen in the University reached a nine-year high of 10.0 for men and 11.3 for women in Fall 1987, having increased from 6.9 and 5.9, respectively, in Fall 1979; however, the proportions remain considerably below those in the distribution of high school graduates.
- Although the proportion of Black students among California's public school graduates has been declining, their proportion among University freshmen has increased from 3.3 for men and 5.4 for women in Fall 1979 to 4.3 for men and 6.6 for women in Fall 1987; however, the proportion for women had reached 7.0 in Fall 1984, after which it decreased to below the current level.
- The most notable increase in the ethnic distribution of University freshmen since Fall 1979 has been for Asian students -- from 13.9 for men and 13.0 for women in Fall 1979 to 23.5 for men and 20.6 for women in Fall 1987, although the latter is smaller than the Fall 1986 percentage of 20.8.
- Gains in proportions were also made between Fall 1979 and Fall 1987 by Filipino and American Indian high school graduates -- the two smallest ethnic groups -- but their relatively small numbers make year-to-year comparisons somewhat risky.
- When data are combined for men and women, each of the four largest ethnic groups increased in numbers between Fall 1986 and Fall 1987. The largest percentage increase was made by Hispanic

DISPLAY 7 *Ethnic Distribution of Public High School Graduates and of First-Time College and University Freshmen, Selected Years Between 1979 and 1987*

Segment	Year	Sex	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian
High School	1979	Male	69.7%	9.0%	15.0%	4.7%	0.9%	0.7%
		Female	69.3	9.5	15.0	4.5	1.0	0.7
	1981	Male	69.2	7.8	15.7	5.2	1.3	0.8
		Female	68.8	8.6	15.7	4.9	1.3	0.7
	1984	Male	63.8	8.2	18.0	7.5	1.7	0.8
		Female	63.3	9.2	18.3	6.8	1.7	0.7
	1986	Male	61.9	7.6	18.8	8.8	2.2	0.7
		Female	61.5	8.4	19.3	7.9	2.2	0.7
	1987	Male	61.4	7.4	19.0	9.2	2.2	0.8
		Female	60.9	8.4	19.6	8.2	2.2	0.7
University of California	1979	Male	74.0	3.3	6.9	13.9	1.6	0.3
		Female	73.6	5.4	5.9	13.0	1.9	0.2
	1981	Male	71.1	3.4	6.7	15.8	2.5	0.4
		Female	70.7	6.0	5.4	14.7	2.8	0.4
	1984	Male	64.0	3.9	9.6	18.4	3.5	0.6
		Female	63.7	7.0	8.7	16.2	3.8	0.6
	1985	Male	62.8	3.7	8.9	20.6	3.4	0.6
		Female	61.2	5.9	9.6	18.8	3.9	0.6
	1986	Male	59.4	3.8	9.4	23.2	3.6	0.6
		Female	58.4	6.2	9.9	20.8	4.0	0.7
	1987	Male	57.7	4.3	10.0	23.5	3.6	0.9
		Female	56.0	6.6	11.3	20.6	4.4	1.1
The California State University	1984	Male	65.8	5.2	11.7	13.7	3.0	0.6
		Female	64.5	8.2	11.6	11.4	3.4	0.9
	1985	Male	63.9	5.9	10.7	15.8	2.9	0.8
		Female	62.7	7.3	11.5	14.2	3.3	1.0
	1986	Male	62.2	5.3	11.2	17.1	3.4	0.8
		Female	63.5	7.0	11.1	13.9	3.7	0.8
	1987	Male	61.2	5.0	12.2	17.0	3.8	0.8
		Female	61.0	7.6	12.7	14.5	3.5	0.7
California Community Colleges	1979	Male	69.1	10.5	12.8	4.7	1.3	1.6
		Female	69.9	10.8	12.9	3.6	1.2	1.6
	1981	Male	65.3	9.7	16.6	4.8	1.6	2.0
		Female	65.7	10.5	16.9	3.5	1.5	1.9
	1984	Male	64.6	8.7	15.9	6.8	2.5	1.5
		Female	64.7	9.9	16.3	5.3	2.3	1.5
	1985	Male	64.6	8.0	15.7	7.9	2.3	1.5
		Female	65.0	9.3	16.0	6.0	2.3	1.4
	1986	Male	63.2	8.2	16.6	7.9	2.5	1.6
		Female	64.1	9.0	17.1	6.2	2.2	1.4
	1987	Male	63.4	7.7	16.3	8.2	2.9	1.5
		Female	63.6	8.7	17.3	6.4	2.7	1.3

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

freshmen -- 17.0 percent to 1,737, followed by that among Black freshmen -- 14.7 percent to 895. Asian freshmen increased 6.1 percent to 3,578, while non-Hispanic white freshmen increased 2.0 percent to 7,238.

Differences among University campuses

Non-Hispanic white students on the Berkeley, Irvine, and Los Angeles campuses in Fall 1987 constituted less than 50 percent of the new freshmen whose ethnicity was known. The Santa Cruz campus had the largest proportion of non-Hispanic white students among its freshmen (75.8 percent), followed by Santa Barbara (70.5 percent). At Berkeley, Asian freshmen constituted 19.8 percent of new freshmen; Hispanic students constituted 18.8 percent; and Black students 13.7 percent. The comparable percentages for the Los Angeles campus were 21.4, 17.7, and 8.1, respectively, together with 5.3 percent Filipino and 1.0 percent American Indian freshmen. Proportions of Hispanic freshmen on both campuses and the proportions of Asian students on the Los Angeles campus decreased from 1986 to 1987, with proportions of other groups remaining about the same both years.

California State University

Ethnicity of new freshmen

Ethnic information for the State University is shown for only four years -- Fall 1984 through Fall 1987 -- in Display 7 because of the large number of students whose ethnicity could not be classified in earlier years. While the data appear to be more reliable beginning in Fall 1984, trends are not as clear as those that have been noted for the University. The proportion of white students has decreased steadily since Fall 1984 -- from 65.8 for men and 64.5 for women to 61.2 for men and 61.0 for women in Fall 1987, but changes for the three major minority groups vary in direction from year to year.

- The proportions of Black men and women among the new freshmen were smaller in Fall 1987 than in Fall 1984 -- 5.0 and 7.6 for men and women this past fall, compared to 5.2 and 8.2, respectively, in Fall 1984.
- Comparing these same two years, the proportions of Hispanic and Asian freshmen were larger in Fall 1987 than in Fall 1984; for Hispanics, they were 12.2 and 12.7 for men and women, this past fall, compared to 11.7 and 11.6, respectively, in Fall 1984. Comparable proportions for Asian freshmen were 17.0 and 14.5 in Fall 1987 and 13.7 and 11.4 in Fall 1984.
- In both the University and the State University distributions, the proportions of women was higher than of men among Black and Hispanic freshmen but smaller among Asian freshmen.

Hispanic freshmen made the largest percentage increase between Fall 1986 and Fall 1987 in the State University as well as in the University -- up 23.4 percent to 2,866 students, followed by a 12.3 percent increase to 3,574 among new Asian students, and an increase in Black freshmen of 1.5 percent to 1,473 new students.

As in the University, the smallest percentage increase but largest numerical increase among new State University freshmen was made by non-Hispanic white students -- 6.7 percent to 13,914 in Fall 1987.

Differences among State University campuses

On three State University campuses, non-Hispanic white students constituted at least 75 percent of new freshmen in Fall 1987 -- Chico, 89 percent; Humboldt, 84 percent; and Sonoma 76.4 percent.

On three other campuses, non-Hispanic white students were in the minority. On the Los Angeles campus, where these students constituted 11.7 percent of all new freshmen, Asian students accounted for 33.0 percent, Hispanic students for 39.9 percent, Black students for 10.8 percent, and Filipino students for 4.2 percent. At Dominguez Hills, white freshmen constituted 24.5 percent of the total; and at San Francisco, 41.0 percent. Asian students -- the largest ethnic minority group among all State University freshmen in 1987 -- were also the largest on seven campuses -- Fullerton, Hayward, Long Beach, Northridge, Pomona, San Francisco, and San Jose. Hispanic freshmen -- the second largest minority group -- were a larger group than Asian students on twelve campuses -- Bakersfield, Chico, Dominguez Hills, Fresno, Humboldt, Los Angeles, Sacramento,

San Bernardino, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, Sonoma, and Stanislaus. Black students were the largest minority group on only one campus -- Dominguez Hills, which enrolled a relatively small number of new freshmen.

California Community Colleges

Ethnic distributions for the Community College freshmen are also shown in Display 7 for selected years from Fall 1979 through Fall 1987. Trends are similar to those observed for the University and the State University, but the relative size of the three major minority groups is dissimilar. As in the other segments, the proportions of Black freshmen decreased from Fall 1979 to Fall 1987 -- from 10.5 for men and 10.8 for women to 7.7 and 8.7. The proportions of Hispanic and Asian freshmen increased from Fall 1979 to Fall 1987, but the increase for Hispanic students appeared to be somewhat erratic, with the major increase occurring between Fall 1979 and Fall 1981. However, this uneven trend may have been due to problems in coding that took place at different colleges in different years.

In any case, the proportions for Hispanic freshmen increased from 12.8 for men and 12.9 for women in Fall 1979 to 16.3 and 17.3, respectively, in Fall 1987. During this same period, the proportions for Asian freshmen increased from 4.7 for men and 3.6 for women in Fall 1979 to 8.2 and 6.4, respectively, in Fall 1987. These Asian freshmen are the smallest of the three major minority groups in the Community Colleges, with more Black students than Asian in Fall 1987 because of the relatively large proportion of Black women enrolling as Community College freshmen. Hispanic freshmen continue to be the largest minority group in the Community Colleges, but their proportion is still less than that among recent graduates of California's public high schools.

As in the other segments, the proportion of non-Hispanic white students in the ethnic distribution for new freshmen has decreased from Fall 1979 to Fall 1987 -- from 69.1 for men and 69.9 for women in 1979 to 63.4 and 63.6, respectively, in 1987. Still, it is interesting to note that the proportion of white freshmen is higher in the Community Colleges than in the other segments, despite the colleges' larger proportions of Black, Hispanic, and American Indian students and because of their low rate of Asian student enrollment as freshmen.

Percentage change from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987 has not been computed for the various ethnic groups because differences between the years in how students were reported would make any such analysis meaningless. All groups would show a decrease from Fall 1986 to Fall 1987, but the change is attributable largely to the elimination of concurrently enrolled high school students from the Fall 1987 statistics.

The combined segments

The ethnic distributions of all freshmen in California public higher education appear at the end of Appendix B, together with the distribution for 1986-87 public high school graduates. The disparity continues to be greatest for Hispanic young people in terms of their underenrollment in public higher education, in spite of gains made by the University and the State University. They constituted 19.3 percent of the high school graduates but only 15.1 percent of the public college and university freshmen who were age 19 and under when they enrolled. The percentages for the previous year were 19.0 and 14.0, respectively, indicating that their numbers among high school graduates may be increasing at least as fast as their numbers enrolling in higher education.

Black youth also continue to be underenrolled in public higher education in California but not as severely as Hispanic youth. Black youth constituted 7.9 percent of the high school graduates in 1986-87 but only 7.5 percent of the first-time freshmen in the public segments, compared with 8.0 and 7.7 percent, respectively, in the previous year. Thus their increased participation in higher education does not appear to be keeping pace with their increasing numbers of high school graduates.

The remaining three minority groups -- Asian, Filipino, and American Indian -- are enrolling in larger proportions in public higher education, compared with the proportions of these groups in the ethnic distribution of public high school graduates for the previous academic year. The relationship is clearest for Asian youth because of their larger numbers. In spite of their low enrollment in the Community Colleges, they constituted 11.1 percent of all first-time freshmen in public higher education in Fall 1987 but

only 8.7 percent of the public high school graduates in 1986-87. The comparable percentages for Fall 1986 and 1985-86 were 10.5 and 8.4.

The enrollment of non-Hispanic white students in public higher education also appears to be keeping pace with increases in numbers of public high school graduates, even in the face of increased segmental efforts to achieve diversity in the student population. In Fall 1987, 62.0 percent of the new freshmen were white, as were 61.1 percent of the public high school graduates in 1986-87. Proportions for the previous year were 62.9 and 61.7, respectively.

Ethnic groups participation rates

Participation rates for each ethnic group are shown in Display 8 for each public segment and for the three segments combined. Entries for American Indian freshmen are probably invalid in that some students appear to have coded themselves as "native American" in preference to another ethnic category.

Among the remaining five groups, Filipino youth had the highest overall rate in Fall 1987 -- 68.9 -- and also the highest participation rate in the Community Colleges. Asian youth had the second highest overall rate -- 61.0 -- and also the highest rates for the University and the State University, but the second lowest rate for the Community Colleges.

White, Black, and Hispanic youth all had rates of less than 50 percent overall.

Hispanic youth had the lowest overall rate -- 37.4, and the lowest rates for the University and the State University, and were nearly tied with Asian youth for the lowest Community College rate of participation. The rates for Black youth were higher than those for Hispanic youth for each segment and overall -- 45.4, while non-Hispanic white youth had an overall rate of 48.7 for the public segments, ranking third among the various ethnic groups.

DISPLAY 8 Participation Rates in the University, State University, the Community Colleges, and Overall, by Ethnic Group, Fall 1987

Ethnic Group	University of California	The California State University	California Community Colleges	Total
White	6.4%	9.6%	32.7%	48.7%
Black	4.8	7.8	32.8	45.4
Hispanic	3.8	6.2	27.5	37.4
Asian	17.3	17.3	26.4	61.0
Filipino	12.5	15.9	40.5	68.9
American Indian	9.4	10.4	61.4	81.2

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

APPENDIX A

Percentages of Recent High School Graduates Enrolling in Each Segment of California Higher Education by County and Year, 1976, 1978, and 1980-1987

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Inde-pendent	Total Public	Grand Total
Los Angeles								
	1976	88,607	6.0%	9.7%	36.1%	N.A	51.8%	N.A
	1978	83,753	6.4	10.8	41.3	4.3%	58.5	62.8%
	1980	79,389	6.5	10.5	41.9	4.8	58.9	63.7
	1981	72,747	7.4	10.7	45.1	4.2	63.3	67.5
	1982	76,814	7.2	10.7	41.0	4.4	58.9	63.3
	1983	76,814	7.6	10.2	37.0	4.3	54.8	59.1
	1984	75,213	8.1	10.0	34.2	4.0	52.3	56.3
	1985	72,720	8.6	11.3	32.7	3.4	52.6	56.0
	1986	72,048	8.7	11.6	35.1	4.3	55.4	59.7
	1987	75,375	8.7	12.2	32.1	3.9	53.0	56.9
Orange								
	1976	27,200	5.2	7.9	46.1	N.A	59.2	N.A
	1978	26,558	5.5	8.5	42.5	2.7	56.5	59.2
	1980	25,342	6.2	10.0	50.4	2.5	66.6	69.1
	1981	26,319	6.7	10.2	47.3	3.1	64.3	67.4
	1982	25,604	7.1	10.4	46.6	3.3	64.1	67.4
	1983	25,196	8.4	10.0	41.8	3.4	60.2	63.6
	1984	24,244	8.9	9.6	40.3	3.0	58.7	61.7
	1985	23,956	9.2	11.4	40.0	4.5	60.6	65.0
	1986	22,567	10.1	12.3	39.9	3.9	62.3	66.2
	1987	24,605	9.4	12.6	38.7	3.6	60.7	64.3
San Diego								
	1976	19,547	5.4	6.3	46.4	N.A	58.1	N.A
	1978	21,323	6.1	6.6	42.5	3.6	55.2	58.8
	1980	20,553	6.0	8.8	45.7	3.3	60.5	63.8
	1981	20,099	6.9	7.8	39.5	3.5	54.2	57.7
	1982	20,582	6.9	7.4	35.7	3.6	50.0	53.6
	1983	20,652	7.2	7.8	37.1	3.2	52.1	55.3
	1984	19,761	8.1	8.5	35.8	3.8	52.4	56.3
	1985	19,571	8.2	8.8	36.2	3.5	53.2	56.7
	1986	19,499	8.9	8.9	38.9	2.9	56.7	59.6
	1987	20,303	8.7	10.0	32.6	3.7	51.3	55.0

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Santa Clara								
	1976	17,856	5.5%	10.2%	39.3%	N.A	55.0%	N.A
	1978	18,249	6.4	10.1	33.6	3.5%	50.1	53.6%
	1980	16,643	7.5	11.0	34.6	3.9	53.1	57.0
	1981	15,827	8.3	11.1	33.0	4.1	52.5	56.8
	1982	16,739	7.8	12.0	N.A	4.3	N.A	N.A
	1983	15,927	8.8	11.6	N.A	4.2	N.A	N.A
	1984	15,649	9.2	10.9	N.A	3.8	N.A	N.A
	1985	15,222	10.1	13.2	N.A	5.3	N.A	N.A
	1986	14,667	10.2	13.3	37.7	4.1	61.2	65.3
	1987	15,518	10.6	13.9	36.5	3.9	60.9	64.9
Alameda								
	1976	14,355	6.4	8.9	42.4	N.A	57.7	N.A
	1978	14,023	7.2	8.9	39.2	2.7	55.3	58.0
	1980	12,862	7.7	9.1	35.2	2.3	52.0	54.3
	1981	12,148	7.9	9.1	37.6	2.5	54.6	57.2
	1982	12,278	7.8	10.1	41.9	2.1	59.8	61.9
	1983	11,829	8.6	10.0	38.2	2.4	56.8	59.2
	1984	11,750	8.4	10.5	36.5	2.4	55.5	57.9
	1985	11,486	8.0	10.3	34.7	3.4	53.0	56.4
	1986	11,966	7.9	10.7	31.9	2.3	50.5	52.8
	1987	11.743	8.6	11.6	38.2	2.9	58.4	61.3
San Bernardino								
	1976	10,525	2.9	5.5	39.9	N.A	48.3	N.A
	1978	9,899	2.9	6.3	39.2	2.7	48.4	51.1
	1980	9,687	3.0	7.5	41.4	2.1	51.9	54.0
	1981	9,611	3.0	7.3	45.2	2.7	55.4	58.1
	1982	9,836	3.5	6.9	48.4	2.5	58.8	61.3
	1983	9,568	3.4	6.7	40.5	2.8	50.6	53.4
	1984	9,702	3.6	7.1	35.3	2.0	46.0	48.0
	1985	9,545	4.1	6.8	37.2	1.2	48.1	49.3
	1986	9,504	4.4	8.3	30.2	2.5	42.9	45.4
	1987	10,016	4.6	8.0	35.4	2.2	48.0	50.2
Sacramento								
	1976	10,774	3.5	6.0	42.1	N.A	51.6	N.A
	1978	10,812	3.7	6.7	42.0	2.3	52.4	54.7
	1980	9,651	4.8	8.7	47.1	1.9	60.6	62.5
	1981	9,586	4.6	9.4	45.2	2.0	59.2	61.2
	1982	9,555	4.0	8.6	40.7	2.0	53.3	55.3
	1983	9,046	5.9	9.0	40.9	1.9	55.8	57.7
	1984	9,029	6.3	8.1	37.6	2.1	52.0	54.1
	1985	8,527	6.1	9.7	39.3	2.4	55.1	57.5
	1986	8,814	6.4	8.4	40.5	2.4	55.3	57.7
	1987	8,851	6.5	8.9	42.9	2.9	58.3	61.1

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Contra Costa								
	1976	9,593	8.7%	7.3%	44.7%	N.A	60.7%	N.A
	1978	9,489	9.2	7.6	46.2	3.2%	63.0	66.2%
	1980	8,847	10.0	9.0	46.5	3.0	65.5	68.5
	1981	8,734	10.5	8.0	44.7	3.3	63.2	66.5
	1982	8,768	10.4	8.0	44.9	2.6	63.3	65.9
	1983	8,342	11.7	7.8	42.6	3.5	59.8	63.3
	1984	8,428	11.6	8.2	38.9	3.2	58.7	61.9
	1985	7,861	11.3	10.1	45.5	2.4	66.9	69.3
	1986	8,002	11.1	9.2	50.4	3.7	70.7	74.4
	1987	8,820	10.1	9.9	36.9	3.6	57.0	60.6
Riverside								
	1976	6,777	5.0	3.6	35.8	N.A	44.4	N.A
	1978	6,857	4.8	4.1	35.8	2.0	44.7	46.7
	1980	6,728	5.1	4.8	44.5	1.8	54.4	56.2
	1981	6,831	5.1	4.9	46.8	1.9	56.7	58.6
	1982	6,961	5.0	4.8	41.4	1.8	51.2	53.0
	1983	6,883	5.1	4.3	37.4	2.4	46.8	49.2
	1984	7,104	5.8	4.8	33.9	2.5	44.5	47.0
	1985	6,893	5.7	6.0	26.1	2.6	37.8	40.4
	1986	6,932	5.9	6.5	33.3	1.5	45.7	47.2
	1987	7,518	5.3	6.3	28.0	2.2	39.7	42.0
Ventura								
	1976	7,099	3.7	3.8	44.5	N.A	52.0	N.A
	1978	6,953	3.6	4.9	44.6	3.9	53.1	57.0
	1980	6,846	4.7	4.9	50.7	3.2	60.3	63.5
	1981	6,739	4.3	5.6	45.5	2.8	55.4	58.3
	1982	6,820	4.9	5.8	45.5	2.1	56.2	58.3
	1983	6,982	5.3	5.7	38.1	3.2	49.1	52.3
	1984	6,714	6.9	6.6	40.3	2.2	53.7	55.9
	1985	6,668	7.0	7.3	39.2	2.6	53.5	56.1
	1986	6,649	7.5	7.4	39.5	2.6	54.4	57.0
	1987	7,276	6.6	6.9	29.8	2.8	43.3	46.1
San Francisco								
	1976	6,467	8.2	12.2	38.8	N.A	59.2	N.A
	1978	5,868	9.0	14.6	42.0	5.6	65.6	71.2
	1980	5,392	9.2	13.5	42.7	6.8	65.4	72.2
	1981	4,979	10.2	14.3	39.3	3.9	63.8	67.7
	1982	5,378	9.9	14.0	37.2	4.3	61.1	65.4
	1983	5,527	11.9	13.2	34.1	4.7	59.2	63.9
	1984	5,405	11.6	15.3	38.0	4.4	65.0	69.4
	1985	5,729	11.0	16.3	35.5	1.4	62.8	64.2
	1986	5,480	10.2	16.9	26.7	3.5	53.8	57.3
	1987	6,102	9.5	16.1	32.8	4.1	58.4	62.5

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Fresno								
	1976	6,570	1.4%	12.2%	42.2%	N.A	55.8%	N.A
	1978	6,629	2.0	12.1	39.4	2.1%	53.5	55.6%
	1980	6,603	2.2	14.6	39.7	1.5	56.5	58.0
	1981	6,256	2.7	14.3	N.A	1.4	N.A	N.A
	1982	6,284	2.4	13.6	39.2	2.1	55.2	57.3
	1983	6,098	2.6	13.6	33.5	2.3	49.7	52.0
	1984	6,161	2.9	12.3	34.6	1.8	49.8	51.6
	1985	5,919	3.1	13.2	36.5	1.2	52.8	54.0
	1986	5,868	3.9	13.7	36.4	2.1	54.0	56.1
	1987	5,989	4.6	14.3	37.9	2.8	56.8	59.5
San Mateo								
	1976	8,060	6.5	7.1	43.4	N.A	57.0	N.A
	1978	7,462	7.8	7.2	40.1	4.2	55.1	59.3
	1980	6,970	8.8	8.1	39.1	3.9	56.0	59.9
	1981	6,314	8.4	9.0	N.A	3.9	N.A	N.A
	1982	6,497	8.3	8.6	N.A	4.1	N.A	N.A
	1983	6,333	8.9	7.7	39.7	4.6	56.3	60.9
	1984	6,105	10.1	8.3	45.2	4.0	63.6	67.6
	1985	5,763	9.3	9.3	49.4	3.0	68.0	71.0
	1986	5,389	9.9	9.8	49.2	5.4	68.9	74.3
	1987	5,368	10.6	10.7	52.2	4.9	73.5	78.4
Kern								
	1976	4,744	2.0	6.7	47.7	N.A	56.4	N.A
	1978	4,753	2.0	6.6	46.2	2.2	54.8	57.0
	1980	4,561	3.4	6.5	N.A	1.7	N.A	N.A
	1981	4,283	2.3	7.4	44.7	2.8	54.4	57.2
	1982	4,077	2.7	6.7	40.4	1.5	49.8	51.3
	1983	4,175	2.2	5.5	32.5	2.0	39.1	41.1
	1984	3,915	2.9	7.2	32.7	2.3	42.8	45.2
	1985	4,079	3.1	8.9	37.5	1.2	49.5	50.7
	1986	4,158	3.4	7.9	41.8	2.5	53.1	55.6
	1987	4,632	3.3	8.7	30.6	2.2	42.6	44.9
San Joaquin								
	1976	4,121	2.2	3.0	56.8	N.A	62.0	N.A
	1978	4,141	3.0	2.9	50.0	3.5	55.9	59.4
	1980	3,805	3.3	3.4	59.3	5.7	66.0	71.7
	1981	3,183	4.0	4.6	61.0	4.5	69.6	74.1
	1982	3,716	3.5	4.6	47.6	3.4	55.7	59.1
	1983	3,534	3.4	3.8	43.2	4.0	50.4	54.4
	1984	3,662	3.4	5.1	30.6	3.5	39.1	42.6
	1985	3,601	4.0	4.5	42.2	1.5	50.7	52.2
	1986	3,876	4.4	5.1	18.2	2.9	27.7	30.6
	1987	3,936	3.8	4.5	24.3	4.9	32.6	37.5

36

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Sonoma								
	1976	3,565	2.0%	2.9%	47.0%	N.A	51.9%	N.A
	1978	3,626	3.0	3.3	40.7	2.5%	47.0	49.5%
	1980	3,436	3.4	4.3	44.6	1.9	52.3	54.2
	1981	3,423	4.0	4.1	44.0	2.1	52.0	53.9
	1982	3,466	4.2	4.4	37.9	2.0	46.5	48.5
	1983	3,443	4.7	5.2	44.6	2.0	54.5	56.5
	1984	3,390	5.0	5.1	57.1	1.6	67.2	68.7
	1985	3,215	5.1	6.6	36.1	1.1	47.8	48.9
	1986	3,272	5.2	7.1	24.7	2.3	37.0	39.3
	1987	3,585	5.6	6.3	21.1	2.3	33.1	35.3
Santa Barbara								
	1976	4,489	5.7	4.2	49.8	N.A	59.7	N.A
	1978	4,059	5.9	4.8	47.3	4.7	58.0	62.7
	1980	3,800	7.4	5.2	53.9	3.0	66.5	69.5
	1981	3,546	8.2	5.4	51.2	2.9	64.8	67.8
	1982	3,589	7.7	4.9	55.3	2.4	67.9	70.3
	1983	3,459	8.8	5.2	36.9	3.5	50.9	54.4
	1984	3,363	9.2	5.7	41.5	2.8	56.5	59.3
	1985	3,139	9.7	5.7	39.2	1.6	54.6	56.2
	1986	3,119	9.8	4.7	44.5	3.5	59.0	62.5
	1987	3,338	7.3	6.3	38.5	3.4	52.2	55.6
Stanislaus								
	1976	2,771	1.9	4.7	44.6	N.A	51.2	N.A
	1978	2,792	1.4	5.6	34.0	2.3	41.0	43.3
	1980	3,277	1.1	5.7	35.1	1.7	41.9	43.6
	1981	2,805	1.6	5.8	45.3	2.1	52.6	54.9
	1982	2,815	2.6	7.6	43.3	1.8	53.5	55.3
	1983	2,838	3.0	6.9	39.2	1.7	49.1	50.8
	1984	2,849	3.1	7.2	33.0	1.6	43.2	44.8
	1985	2,806	3.2	7.7	35.2	0.9	46.1	47.0
	1986	2,875	3.3	8.9	33.6	1.7	45.8	47.5
	1987	3,198	3.3	8.2	27.4	2.9	39.0	41.9
Tulare								
	1976	2,721	1.8	2.9	46.4	N.A	51.1	N.A
	1978	2,649	1.4	2.4	48.2	1.5	52.0	53.5
	1980	2,790	1.6	4.0	49.1	1.4	54.7	56.1
	1981	2,983	1.6	3.8	40.8	1.4	46.2	47.3
	1982	2,743	1.3	3.8	46.9	1.2	52.0	53.2
	1983	2,752	1.7	3.9	37.0	1.7	42.6	44.3
	1984	2,794	2.1	4.3	42.7	1.7	49.1	50.8
	1985	2,699	2.2	4.6	45.1	0.4	51.9	52.3
	1986	2,806	2.9	4.0	41.3	2.3	48.2	50.5
	1987	3,036	2.8	4.8	36.9	2.0	44.5	46.5

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Monterey								
	1976	3,125	4.9%	5.0%	57.9%	N.A	67.8%	N.A
	1978	3,064	4.8	3.9	56.7	3.0%	65.4	68.4%
	1980	2,836	6.0	4.7	50.3	3.3	61.0	64.3
	1981	2,686	6.0	5.6	46.3	4.0	58.0	62.1
	1982	2,803	5.5	4.0	46.1	3.4	55.6	59.0
	1983	2,795	5.4	4.8	35.2	3.5	45.4	48.9
	1984	2,742	7.1	4.6	31.3	2.9	43.1	46.0
	1985	2,711	6.0	4.9	38.7	1.2	49.6	50.8
	1986	2,645	7.6	6.6	32.6	4.1	46.8	50.9
	1987	2,775	6.8	6.2	36.5	3.8	49.5	53.4
Solano								
	1976	2,578	3.8	5.6	42.7	N.A	52.1	N.A
	1978	2,469	4.3	5.4	41.0	2.4	50.7	53.1
	1980	2,782	5.4	5.6	40.3	2.1	51.3	53.4
	1981	2,794	4.7	5.0	39.2	1.8	48.9	50.7
	1982	2,755	4.4	5.7	41.8	1.4	51.9	53.3
	1983	2,679	5.2	5.3	38.4	1.6	48.9	50.5
	1984	2,707	5.8	5.2	32.4	1.4	43.4	44.8
	1985	2,673	6.3	6.5	30.6	0.6	43.4	44.0
	1986	2,536	6.9	7.6	25.9	1.7	40.4	42.1
	1987	2,773	6.6	6.7	33.9	1.9	47.2	49.1
Marin								
	1976	3,339	10.0	7.7	49.3	N.A	67.0	N.A
	1978	3,459	11.9	8.0	40.2	4.5	60.1	64.6
	1980	3,148	13.6	8.8	40.3	5.3	62.7	68.0
	1981	3,270	13.0	7.7	40.6	3.7	61.3	65.0
	1982	2,983	12.6	8.0	N.A	4.0	N.A	N.A
	1983	2,940	15.4	8.8	26.1	3.2	50.3	53.5
	1984	2,750	17.7	8.8	29.3	3.9	55.8	59.7
	1985	2,616	15.5	10.7	31.2	1.5	57.4	58.9
	1986	2,537	15.7	11.5	27.4	4.8	54.6	59.4
	1987	2,583	14.8	11.9	29.5	4.6	56.1	60.7
Santa Cruz								
	1976	2,117	5.3	2.9	39.6	N.A	47.8	N.A
	1978	1,964	5.6	5.3	39.8	3.4	50.7	54.1
	1980	1,986	5.8	4.5	48.1	5.3	58.4	63.7
	1981	2,057	4.6	5.3	46.6	2.6	56.4	58.9
	1982	2,032	6.3	4.8	42.4	3.5	53.5	57.0
	1983	1,944	8.0	5.7	43.6	3.2	57.3	60.5
	1984	1,908	8.3	5.2	40.0	3.3	53.6	56.9
	1985	1,909	9.6	7.0	38.9	0.6	55.5	56.1
	1986	1,962	8.2	8.1	40.9	4.7	57.2	61.9
	1987	2,066	9.1	8.6	43.6	2.8	61.2	63.9

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Merced								
	1976	1,853	1.6%	5.6%	52.5%	N.A	59.7%	N.A
	1978	1,891	2.5	5.2	51.6	1.2%	59.3	60.5%
	1980	1,790	2.3	7.3	59.3	0.9	68.9	69.8
	1981	1,808	2.3	6.3	55.4	1.4	64.0	65.4
	1982	1,564	2.4	7.4	56.6	1.0	66.4	67.4
	1983	1,679	2.3	8.9	39.5	1.2	50.7	51.9
	1984	1,717	2.5	8.2	38.7	0.6	49.4	50.1
	1985	1,792	2.1	8.1	37.3	0.3	47.5	47.8
	1986	1,615	1.8	7.4	40.7	1.5	49.9	51.4
	1987	1,935	2.5	8.9	34.0	1.6	45.4	47.0
Placer								
	1976	1,675	1.8	3.1	41.1	N.A	46.0	N.A
	1978	1,838	2.1	3.8	36.5	1.4	42.4	43.8
	1980	1,807	3.7	3.1	48.5	1.3	55.3	56.6
	1981	2,002	2.4	4.6	44.4	1.4	51.5	53.0
	1982	1,863	2.7	4.9	38.4	1.4	46.0	47.4
	1983	1,803	3.8	5.7	40.0	2.1	49.5	51.6
	1984	1,842	3.7	5.8	40.2	1.7	49.8	51.5
	1985	1,777	4.1	6.9	39.4	0.1	50.4	50.5
	1986	1,859	4.4	7.2	32.2	2.4	43.8	46.2
	1987	1,820	3.6	8.6	40.5	2.9	52.8	55.7
San Luis Obispo								
	1976	1,557	2.1	10.1	45.6	N.A	57.8	N.A
	1978	1,356	1.9	10.0	45.6	2.1	57.5	59.6
	1980	1,586	1.8	8.1	46.9	1.5	56.8	58.3
	1981	1,359	3.2	9.9	49.3	1.5	62.5	63.9
	1982	1,482	2.8	8.5	42.6	1.5	53.9	55.4
	1983	1,463	2.7	10.4	35.0	2.3	48.1	50.4
	1984	1,501	3.6	11.1	34.6	1.9	49.2	51.1
	1985	1,317	5.1	11.0	42.5	0.4	58.6	59.0
	1986	1,442	5.3	10.3	35.9	2.0	51.5	53.5
	1987	1,653	3.6	10.0	34.4	2.9	48.1	51.0
Shasta								
	1976	1,399	1.1	2.2	55.7	N.A	59.0	N.A
	1978	1,537	1.3	2.0	55.0	1.4	58.3	59.7
	1980	1,520	1.6	3.2	N.A	1.7	N.A	N.A
	1981	1,533	1.6	3.3	N.A	1.3	N.A	N.A
	1982	1,587	2.8	4.0	42.7	1.2	49.5	50.7
	1983	1,533	2.0	4.7	42.2	0.9	48.9	49.8
	1984	1,607	2.1	3.4	39.2	1.0	44.7	45.7
	1985	1,564	2.4	4.8	34.8	0.4	42.0	42.4
	1986	1,450	2.7	4.3	39.4	1.8	46.4	48.2
	1987	1,606	3.4	4.4	34.6	2.3	42.3	44.6

39

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Butte								
	1976	1,424	2.0%	9.8%	34.5%	N.A	46.3%	N.A
	1978	1,356	2.6	11.4	39.2	1.8%	53.2	55.0%
	1980	1,473	3.0	13.1	42.2	1.7	58.3	60.0
	1981	1,491	2.9	13.3	45.3	2.4	61.5	63.9
	1982	1,492	1.8	13.1	N.A	1.7	N.A	N.A
	1983	1,495	3.1	11.7	14.4	1.5	29.2	30.7
	1984	1,409	3.2	12.8	24.6	1.0	40.7	41.7
	1985	1,432	3.8	15.2	24.2	0.4	43.2	43.6
	1986	1,338	3.6	13.9	33.4	2.9	50.9	53.8
	1987	1,453	4.6	17.5	24.5	2.5	46.6	49.1
Imperial								
	1976	1,241	2.6	3.2	48.0	N.A	53.8	N.A
	1978	1,348	1.9	3.2	43.8	1.3	48.9	50.2
	1980	1,312	2.0	3.5	48.3	1.4	53.8	55.2
	1981	1,357	3.1	3.3	38.5	1.4	44.9	46.3
	1982	1,306	2.5	3.4	52.8	2.3	58.7	61.0
	1983	1,262	4.0	4.1	41.2	1.5	49.3	50.8
	1984	1,323	3.5	3.8	56.1	1.4	63.3	64.8
	1985	1,355	3.1	3.5	12.9	0.3	19.5	19.8
	1986	1,315	3.0	3.3	49.1	1.1	55.4	56.5
	1987	1,307	3.6	2.9	44.3	2.7	50.8	53.5
Yolo								
	1976	1,259	10.2	9.8	35.1	N.A	55.1	N.A
	1978	1,248	12.0	10.9	34.6	1.9	57.5	59.4
	1980	1,315	11.6	9.3	30.9	1.3	51.8	53.1
	1981	1,280	11.6	9.5	35.7	1.3	56.8	58.1
	1982	1,259	12.1	9.5	33.8	1.7	55.4	57.1
	1983	1,188	10.5	10.6	33.8	1.6	54.9	56.5
	1984	1,082	13.1	9.8	32.8	2.9	55.8	58.6
	1985	1,127	13.0	12.9	30.2	0.3	56.1	56.4
	1986	1,086	14.3	10.9	30.1	1.2	55.3	56.5
	1987	1,148	14.7	10.5	32.3	3.1	57.6	58.1
Humboldt								
	1976	1,448	1.3	7.4	34.3	N.A	43.0	N.A
	1978	1,422	2.0	8.2	32.3	1.5	42.5	44.0
	1980	1,328	2.3	9.9	(30.2)	1.5	42.4	43.9
	1981	1,199	2.6	10.0	45.6	1.3	58.2	59.5
	1982	1,171	3.1	10.0	37.7	1.4	50.8	52.2
	1983	1,105	2.6	10.8	33.0	2.5	46.4	48.9
	1984	1,072	2.6	8.7	16.0	2.1	27.3	29.4
	1985	978	3.7	12.1	37.5	0.3	53.3	53.6
	1986	974	2.8	13.9	34.4	1.9	51.1	53.0
	1987	1,048	5.1	10.8	36.7	2.7	52.6	55.2

40

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
El Dorado								
	1976	862	2.8%	5.8%	35.6%	N.A	44.2%	N.A
	1978	932	3.4	8.7	35.7	1.8%	47.8	49.6%
	1980	916	4.7	8.4	N.A	2.4	N.A	N.A
	1981	1,014	4.5	7.5	N.A	2.8	N.A	N.A
	1982	971	3.7	8.4	38.2	1.0	50.3	51.3
	1983	964	4.4	7.5	35.8	0.7	47.7	48.4
	1984	1,042	3.6	8.7	38.9	0.6	51.2	51.8
	1985	1,045	3.7	10.2	38.0	0.5	51.9	52.4
	1986	1,067	3.7	11.2	36.5	2.2	51.4	53.6
	1987	1,027	4.6	10.8	39.9	2.8	55.3	58.1
Napa								
	1976	1,297	4.1	3.5	48.7	N.A	56.3	N.A
	1978	1,275	4.4	4.1	51.8	6.4	60.3	66.7
	1980	1,276	5.3	4.8	N.A	8.2	N.A	N.A
	1981	1,191	5.0	5.1	N.A	6.0	N.A	N.A
	1982	1,212	6.3	4.8	64.4	6.7	75.7	82.4
	1983	1,203	5.8	6.4	30.5	4.1	42.7	46.8
	1984	1,124	7.7	5.8	34.0	2.2	47.5	49.7
	1985	946	8.5	9.0	37.7	1.3	55.2	56.5
	1986	986	7.2	10.3	34.6	6.8	52.1	58.9
	1987	1,000	7.3	9.4	36.7	10.1	53.4	63.5
Mendocino								
	1976	848	2.5	7.4	34.1	N.A	44.0	N.A
	1978	867	2.5	7.0	30.8	2.1	40.3	42.4
	1980	828	2.8	7.8	32.6	2.1	43.2	45.3
	1981	888	4.1	8.8	46.6	1.5	59.5	60.9
	1982	868	3.9	7.4	37.8	1.8	49.1	50.9
	1983	773	3.4	10.7	26.8	2.5	40.9	43.4
	1984	869	4.6	9.4	31.3	3.1	45.3	48.4
	1985	804	3.7	9.7	39.0	0.4	52.4	52.8
	1986	859	4.9	9.1	33.6	3.0	47.6	50.6
	1987	934	5.2	7.8	27.0	3.4	40.0	43.5
Madera								
	1976	467	1.5	12.2	39.6	N.A	53.3	N.A
	1978	552	2.3	10.9	38.6	3.4	51.8	55.2
	1980	570	1.8	11.9	43.3	3.2	57.0	60.2
	1981	711	1.5	8.7	N.A	1.5	N.A	N.A
	1982	577	2.1	14.0	47.1	3.1	63.2	66.3
	1983	606	1.0	10.4	28.1	1.8	39.5	41.3
	1984	641	1.4	10.0	34.2	1.6	45.6	47.1
	1985	683	2.4	10.0	34.7	0.2	47.1	47.3
	1986	690	1.7	10.6	29.4	1.7	41.7	43.4
	1987	887	2.0	8.9	25.4	1.7	36.3	38.0

41

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Kings								
	1976	943	1.5%	6.6%	42.5%	N.A	50.6%	N.A
	1978	984	1.8	5.1	41.1	2.5%	48.0	50.5%
	1980	903	1.6	6.9	43.3	1.9	51.8	53.7
	1981	887	1.9	7.7	44.8	2.1	54.4	56.6
	1982	899	1.3	5.9	44.2	2.3	51.4	53.7
	1983	856	3.2	6.2	46.3	1.6	55.7	57.3
	1984	843	3.1	8.4	41.4	1.1	52.8	53.9
	1985	852	1.6	5.4	40.0	0.2	47.0	47.2
	1986	825	2.1	6.3	38.4	2.6	46.8	49.4
	1987	837	1.3	7.0	36.3	1.7	44.7	46.4
Nevada								
	1976	497	1.2	2.0	36.4	N.A	39.6	N.A
	1978	547	2.2	3.6	33.3	2.6	39.1	41.7
	1980	536	2.8	4.7	41.6	1.1	49.1	50.2
	1981	573	2.6	4.2	42.1	1.6	48.9	50.4
	1982	694	4.3	4.2	31.0	1.2	39.5	40.7
	1983	650	4.0	6.5	35.7	1.5	46.2	47.7
	1984	569	6.5	7.9	39.7	2.1	54.1	56.2
	1985	653	5.1	8.1	35.5	0.2	48.7	48.9
	1986	633	3.6	8.7	30.3	2.5	42.6	45.1
	1987	728	5.7	7.4	37.0	2.5	50.1	52.6
Sutter								
	1976	693	2.2	4.3	50.6	N.A	57.1	N.A
	1978	685	3.2	6.0	46.9	2.8	56.1	58.9
	1980	718	6.0	5.6	51.0	1.4	62.6	64.0
	1981	722	1.9	7.2	44.5	0.8	53.6	54.4
	1982	676	4.7	5.0	42.9	1.0	52.6	53.6
	1983	678	4.3	8.4	33.9	1.6	46.6	48.2
	1984	675	5.5	8.0	34.8	0.6	48.3	48.9
	1985	638	4.5	7.7	37.5	0.1	49.7	49.8
	1986	627	4.1	4.8	38.9	1.6	47.8	49.4
	1987	672	4.3	8.8	41.5	1.9	54.6	56.5
Tehama								
	1976	486	2.3	6.8	44.8	N.A	53.9	N.A
	1978	546	3.3	3.7	41.0	2.0	48.0	50.0
	1980	519	1.3	7.3	N.A	1.9	N.A	N.A
	1981	572	1.6	8.9	N.A	1.4	N.A	N.A
	1982	560	1.6	6.6	45.5	1.4	53.7	55.1
	1983	514	2.5	8.0	37.2	1.9	47.7	49.6
	1984	553	2.0	8.9	36.0	0.9	45.4	46.3
	1985	490	2.9	7.3	31.2	0.1	41.4	41.5
	1986	488	1.8	8.4	35.6	2.4	45.8	48.2
	1987	516	3.3	10.3	31.4	3.1	45.0	48.1

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Inde-pendent	Total Public	Grand Total
Siskiyou								
	1976	524	1.5%	4.6%	42.2%	N.A	48.3%	N.A
	1978	525	1.2	7.0	46.1	1.3%	54.3	55.6%
	1980	532	2.4	5.4	N.A	0.6	N.A	N.A
	1981	503	2.0	5.4	N.A	1.6	N.A	N.A
	1982	508	2.4	5.3	55.3	1.2	63.0	64.2
	1983	490	3.3	6.1	41.2	1.0	50.6	51.6
	1984	464	1.7	6.3	42.5	1.3	50.4	51.7
	1985	469	3.0	7.5	46.5	0.1	57.0	57.1
	1986	450	3.1	7.1	45.5	2.2	55.7	57.9
	1987	473	3.8	7.4	38.1	2.7	49.3	52.0
Yuba								
	1976	516	1.4	1.7	61.0	N.A	64.1	N.A
	1978	485	0.8	3.9	57.1	2.1	61.8	63.9
	1980	502	1.6	3.2	50.0	1.8	54.8	56.6
	1981	485	2.5	3.7	48.7	3.5	54.9	57.3
	1982	490	1.8	3.3	40.0	1.0	45.1	46.1
	1983	452	2.4	5.3	42.3	2.4	50.0	52.4
	1984	433	3.9	4.4	39.0	1.8	47.3	49.2
	1985	443	2.7	5.4	37.9	0.2	46.0	46.2
	1986	373	2.4	9.1	44.7	4.8	56.2	61.0
	1987	471	2.3	6.4	41.8	1.3	50.5	51.8
Tuolumne								
	1976	363	1.4	8.3	39.9	N.A	49.6	N.A
	1978	374	2.4	8.3	28.3	3.2	39.0	42.2
	1980	420	4.0	6.7	39.8	3.3	50.5	53.8
	1981	383	1.8	4.7	44.1	1.8	50.6	52.4
	1982	399	3.8	4.0	48.6	1.8	56.4	58.2
	1983	450	2.4	7.1	37.8	1.6	47.3	48.9
	1984	412	1.5	6.3	42.5	1.7	50.2	51.9
	1985	393	3.8	8.9	28.5	0.2	41.2	41.4
	1986	449	2.6	9.6	27.8	3.5	40.0	43.5
	1987	423	2.6	6.4	31.0	3.1	40.0	43.0
Lake								
	1976	305	2.3	6.6	42.6	N.A	51.5	N.A
	1978	354	2.0	3.4	43.8	1.1	49.2	50.3
	1980	376	2.9	7.7	36.7	1.1	47.3	48.4
	1981	376	1.9	5.3	44.4	2.1	51.6	53.7
	1982	403	2.0	6.0	41.4	1.0	49.4	50.4
	1983	416	2.2	5.0	32.0	0.7	39.2	39.9
	1984	389	3.3	4.1	23.7	1.0	31.1	32.1
	1985	408	2.5	6.6	34.6	0.1	43.7	43.8
	1986	368	3.5	6.5	34.2	2.7	44.2	46.9
	1987	410	3.4	8.8	30.0	0.5	42.2	42.7

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Calaveras								
	1976	222	1.8%	7.2%	37.4%	N.A	46.4%	N.A
	1978	247	1.3	6.5	37.7	4.0%	45.3	49.3%
	1980	323	1.9	9.6	32.5	0.9	44.0	44.9
	1981	289	1.0	7.6	40.8	0.7	49.5	50.2
	1982	293	4.4	8.2	33.1	1.4	45.7	47.1
	1983	305	2.6	6.2	40.0	4.3	48.8	53.1
	1984	307	2.9	7.5	31.6	2.3	42.0	44.3
	1985	293	2.7	9.2	21.5	0.2	33.4	33.6
	1986	351	4.0	7.9	14.8	1.4	26.7	28.1
	1987	346	1.4	10.4	26.0	4.9	37.9	42.8
San Benito								
	1976	276	2.2	8.7	45.3	N.A	56.2	N.A
	1978	256	3.5	9.4	44.5	5.1	57.4	62.5
	1980	246	2.8	6.1	41.9	9.3	50.8	60.1
	1981	259	3.5	7.3	44.0	5.8	56.8	62.5
	1982	233	3.9	3.4	40.3	4.3	47.6	51.9
	1983	309	1.7	5.6	35.9	2.3	43.2	45.5
	1984	277	2.2	5.8	27.8	2.5	35.7	38.3
	1985	306	2.0	5.2	24.2	0.1	31.4	31.5
	1986	308	3.6	4.5	27.3	3.2	35.4	38.6
	1987	338	5.0	10.1	22.2	0.6	37.3	37.9
Lassen								
	1976	284	1.4	2.5	54.9	N.A	58.8	N.A
	1978	302	1.3	5.0	51.3	1.0	57.6	58.6
	1980	273	1.7	2.6	N.A	1.5	N.A	N.A
	1981	297	2.0	3.4	45.8	11.1	51.2	64.3
	1982	300	1.7	4.0	44.0	0.3	49.7	50.0
	1983	306	1.0	3.3	45.8	0.7	50.1	50.8
	1984	240	1.3	4.2	45.0	0.8	50.4	51.2
	1985	253	1.2	13.8	32.4	0.1	47.4	47.5
	1986	275	1.4	5.1	47.3	1.1	53.8	54.9
	1987	297	2.0	8.4	37.7	1.3	48.1	49.5
Plumas								
	1976	255	1.6	7.8	29.8	N.A	39.2	N.A
	1978	252	0.0	11.1	34.5	0.4	45.6	46.0
	1980	277	1.1	9.0	36.4	1.4	46.5	47.9
	1981	280	4.6	6.8	48.9	2.9	60.3	63.6
	1982	276	2.2	5.1	27.9	1.1	35.2	36.3
	1983	242	1.7	6.2	37.6	2.5	45.5	48.0
	1984	252	3.6	8.3	43.7	0.8	55.6	56.3
	1985	247	3.6	6.5	53.4	0.1	63.5	63.6
	1986	249	3.6	8.8	47.8	2.4	60.2	62.6
	1987	251	4.0	12.4	46.6	4.0	62.9	66.9

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Independent	Total Public	Grand Total
Glenn								
	1976	344	1.7%	10.8%	31.7%	N.A	44.2%	N.A
	1978	309	3.2	9.1	23.9	2.6%	36.2	38.8%
	1980	299	5.7	9.4	45.5	0.3	60.6	60.9
	1981	286	2.1	7.7	48.6	1.4	58.4	59.8
	1982	322	4.0	8.1	21.4	1.6	33.5	35.1
	1983	290	2.4	9.3	21.0	1.7	32.7	34.4
	1984	263	3.8	11.8	25.5	0.8	41.0	41.8
	1985	253	1.2	13.8	32.4	0.1	47.4	47.5
	1986	238	5.0	15.5	32.8	1.3	53.3	54.6
	1987	245	0.8	17.6	24.1	2.4	42.4	44.9
Amador								
	1976	183	1.6	4.9	50.8	N.A	57.3	N.A
	1978	239	1.3	8.8	30.1	1.7	40.2	41.9
	1980	223	3.1	6.3	31.4	1.3	40.8	42.1
	1981	197	2.5	8.1	34.0	4.1	44.6	48.7
	1982	226	1.8	6.2	24.3	4.0	32.3	36.3
	1983	193	4.1	12.4	33.7	4.1	50.2	54.3
	1984	230	1.7	5.7	32.6	3.0	48.7	51.7
	1985	199	7.0	6.0	52.3	.1	65.3	65.4
	1986	275	5.1	4.7	16.4	1.1	26.2	27.3
	1987	241	2.1	5.8	28.6	0.8	36.5	37.3
Inyo								
	1976	270	5.2	7.0	31.8	N.A	44.0	N.A
	1978	281	3.9	6.8	31.3	11.5	42.0	43.1
	1980	227	2.6	6.6	40.1	9.3	49.3	58.6
	1981	216	3.2	10.2	36.6	1.9	50.0	51.8
	1982	267	2.2	8.2	27.3	5.6	37.7	43.3
	1983	233	3.4	11.6	26.6	1.3	41.6	42.9
	1984	244	4.9	8.2	36.1	1.6	49.2	50.8
	1985	201	4.0	11.4	30.8	0.1	46.2	46.3
	1986	219	8.2	6.8	33.3	3.6	48.3	51.9
	1987	236	3.4	7.2	30.5	2.1	41.1	43.2
Del Norte								
	1976	241	1.6	8.3	32.0	N.A	41.9	N.A
	1978	201	2.0	7.0	24.4	0.5	33.4	33.9
	1980	184	0.5	8.1	N.A	0.5	N.A	N.A
	1981	197	1.0	7.1	N.A	1.0	N.A	N.A
	1982	218	0.9	8.7	25.2	0.0	34.8	34.8
	1983	215	2.8	3.7	19.5	0.9	26.0	26.9
	1984	177	1.1	5.1	18.6	0.6	24.8	25.4
	1985	188	0.5	6.9	29.8	.1	37.2	37.3
	1986	167	0.0	0.0	35.3	1.8	41.3	43.1
	1987	176	1.1	9.1	30.1	2.3	40.3	42.6

45

County	Year	Number of High School Graduates	Percentage Enrolling as Freshmen					
			UC	CSU	CCC	Inde-pendent	Total Public	Grand Total
TOTAL*								
	1975	293,941	5.3%	7.5%	43.1%	N.A	55.9%	N.A
	1976	289,454	5.1	7.8	41.7	N.A	54.6	N.A
	1977	285,360	5.2	8.0	43.3	3.6%	56.5	60.1%
	1978	283,841	5.5	8.4	41.4	3.4	55.3	58.7
	1979	278,548	5.8	8.7	42.1	3.4	56.6	60.0
	1980	270,971	6.0	9.0	43.0	3.5	58.0	61.5
	1981	260,229	6.4	9.0	42.1	3.3	57.6	60.8
	1982	265,924	6.4	9.0	42.8	3.2	58.2	61.4
	1983	262,160	7.0	8.9	37.9	3.4	53.8	57.2
	1984	257,633	7.5	8.9	36.3	3.3	52.7	56.0
	1985	251,143	7.7	10.0	33.0	3.0	50.7	53.7
	1986	248,894	7.9	10.2	36.3	3.4	54.4	57.8
	1987	262,921	7.7	10.7	34.4	3.4	52.8	56.2

* Percents were not calculated for Colusa, Trinity, Modoc, Mariposa, Mono, Sierra, and Alpine Counties because of the small numbers of high school graduates. However, data for these counties are included in the "Total" figures.

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

APPENDIX B

Ethnic Distribution of 1986-87 Graduates of Public California High Schools by County and of Fall 1987 First-Time Freshmen at the University of California, the California State University, and the California Community Colleges, by County and Sex

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Los Angeles												
High School	Total	65,035	27,792	8,908	19,840	7,114	1,204	177				
	Percent		42.7	13.7	30.5	10.9	1.9	0.3				
University of California	Men	2,518	1,039	161	319	750	85	10	2,364	75	10	69
	Percent		44.0	6.8	13.5	31.7	3.6	0.4				
	Women	2,556	1,000	269	373	660	107	18	2,427	61	15	53
	Percent		41.2	11.1	15.4	27.2	4.4	0.7				
	Total	5,074	2,039	430	692	1,410	192	28	4,791	136	25	122
	Percent		42.6	9.0	14.4	29.4	4.0	0.6				
The California State University	Men	3,352	1,416	250	521	739	118	19	3,063	86	77	126
	Percent		46.2	8.2	17.0	24.1	3.9	0.6				
	Women	4,189	1,686	532	701	795	146	19	3,879	74	96	140
	Percent		43.5	13.7	18.0	20.5	3.8	0.5				
	Total	7,541	3,102	782	1,222	1,534	264	38	6,942	160	173	266
	Percent		44.7	11.3	17.6	22.1	3.8	0.5				
California Community Colleges	Men	9,982	4,575	1,258	2,162	923	263	82	9,263	251	178	290
	Percent		49.4	13.6	23.3	10.0	2.8	0.9				
	Women	10,903	4,695	1,667	2,666	810	287	97	10,222	250	188	243
	Percent		46.0	16.3	26.1	7.9	2.8	0.9				
	Total	20,885	9,270	2,925	4,828	1,733	550	179	19,485	501	366	533
	Percent		47.6	15.0	24.8	8.9	2.8	0.9				

continued

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Orange												
High School	Total	22,869	16,660	324	2,706	2,674	211	294				
	Percent		72.8	1.4	11.8	11.7	1.0	1.3				
University of California	Men	1,052	588	7	57	297	22	16	987	32	7	26
	Percent		59.6	0.7	5.8	30.0	2.3	1.6				
	Women	1,061	578	18	81	319	18	8	1,022	20	5	14
	Percent		56.5	1.8	7.9	31.2	1.8	0.8				
	Total	2,113	1,166	25	138	616	40	24	2,009	52	12	40
	Percent		58.0	1.2	6.9	30.7	2.0	1.2				
The California State University	Men	1,253	845	7	76	222	29	13	1,192	26	15	20
	Percent		70.9	0.6	6.4	18.6	2.4	1.1				
	Women	1,535	1,070	19	104	244	24	10	1,471	27	21	16
	Percent		72.7	1.3	7.1	16.6	1.6	0.7				
	Total	2,788	1,915	26	180	466	53	23	2,663	53	36	36
	Percent		71.9	1.0	6.7	17.5	2.0	0.9				
California Community Colleges	Men	4,394	3,012	70	438	399	53	44	4,016	242	77	59
	Percent		75.0	1.7	10.9	9.9	1.3	1.2				
	Women	4,188	3,069	68	401	327	38	57	3,960	103	71	54
	Percent		77.5	1.7	10.1	8.3	1.0	1.4				
	Total	8,582	6,081	138	839	726	91	101	7,976	345	148	113
	Percent		76.2	1.7	10.5	9.1	1.2	1.3				
San Diego												
High School	Total	18,919	12,630	1,120	3,147	1,039	891	92				
	Percent		66.8	5.9	16.6	5.5	4.7	0.5				
University of California	Men	790	510	19	76	84	70	10	769	11	5	5
	Percent		66.3	2.5	9.9	10.9	9.1	1.3				
	Women	804	523	32	78	71	72	6	782	17	5	0
	Percent		66.9	4.1	9.9	9.1	9.2	0.8				
	Total	1,594	1,033	51	154	155	142	16	1,551	28	10	5
	Percent		66.6	3.3	9.9	10.0	9.2	1.0				
The California State University	Men	877	566	35	90	84	67	2	844	19	10	4
	Percent		67.1	4.1	10.7	10.0	7.9	0.2				
	Women	993	617	53	109	79	92	5	955	19	14	5
	Percent		64.6	5.5	11.4	8.3	9.7	0.5				
	Total	1,870	1,183	88	199	163	159	7	1,799	38	24	9
	Percent		65.7	4.9	11.1	9.1	8.8	0.4				
California Community Colleges	Men	2,943	1,864	174	447	138	127	49	2,799	22	56	66
	Percent		66.6	6.2	16.0	4.9	4.5	1.8				
	Women	3,157	2,092	168	517	107	132	51	3,067	8	39	43
	Percent		68.2	5.5	16.8	3.5	4.3	1.7				
	Total	6,100	3,956	342	964	245	259	100	5,866	30	95	109
	Percent		67.5	5.8	16.4	4.2	4.4	1.7				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Santa Clara												
High School	Total	14,019	9,015	521	2,009	1,879	496	99				
	Percent		64.4	3.7	14.3	13.4	3.5	0.7				
University of California	Men	669	396	16	42	174	17	1	646	15	3	5
	Percent		61.3	2.5	6.5	27.0	2.6	0.1				
	Women	714	427	22	54	163	25	5	696	9	4	5
	Percent		61.4	3.2	7.7	23.4	3.6	0.7				
	Total	1,383	823	38	96	337	42	6	1,342	24	7	10
	Percent		61.3	2.8	7.2	25.2	3.1	0.4				
The California State University	Men	860	513	10	74	185	36	6	824	14	14	8
	Percent		62.3	1.2	9.0	22.4	4.4	0.7				
	Women	1,035	662	17	87	180	39	3	988	22	21	4
	Percent		67.0	1.7	8.9	18.2	3.9	0.3				
	Total	1,895	1,175	27	161	365	75	9	1,812	36	35	12
	Percent		64.8	1.6	8.9	20.1	4.1	0.5				
California Community Colleges	Men	2,614	1,519	79	322	304	146	39	2,409	125	38	42
	Percent		63.0	3.3	13.4	12.6	6.1	1.6				
	Women	2,499	1,535	89	307	228	136	37	2,332	99	50	18
	Percent		65.8	3.8	13.2	9.8	5.8	1.6				
	Total	5,113	3,054	168	629	532	282	76	4,741	224	88	60
	Percent		64.5	3.5	13.3	11.2	5.9	1.6				
Alameda												
High School	Total	10,421	6,060	1,738	1,029	1,127	395	72				
	Percent		58.1	16.7	9.9	10.8	3.8	0.7				
University of California	Men	367	176	31	24	95	21	1	348	16	2	1
	Percent		50.6	8.9	6.9	27.3	6.0	0.3				
	Women	419	199	49	25	92	24	7	396	12	9	2
	Percent		50.2	12.4	6.3	23.2	6.1	1.8				
	Total	786	375	80	49	187	45	8	744	28	11	3
	Percent		50.4	10.8	6.6	25.1	6.0	1.1				
The California State University	Men	503	275	50	23	94	30	2	474	10	16	3
	Percent		58.1	10.5	4.9	19.8	6.3	0.4				
	Women	624	337	79	48	89	37	11	601	10	12	1
	Percent		56.1	13.1	8.0	14.8	6.2	1.8				
	Total	1,127	612	129	71	183	67	13	1,075	20	28	4
	Percent		56.9	12.0	6.6	17.1	6.2	1.2				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,827	941	303	172	207	80	29	1,732	11	59	25
	Percent		54.3	17.5	9.9	12.0	4.6	1.7				
	Women	1,878	971	343	209	171	91	20	1,805	9	45	19
	Percent		53.8	19.0	11.6	9.5	5.0	1.1				
	Total	3,705	1,912	646	381	378	171	49	3,537	20	104	44
	Percent		54.0	18.3	10.8	10.7	4.8	1.4				

49

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
San Bernardino												
High School	Total	9,561	6,717	702	1,758	277	49	58				
	Percent		70.3	7.3	18.4	2.9	0.5	0.6				
University of California	Men	197	131	10	23	26	3	0	193	1	2	1
	Percent		67.9	5.2	11.9	13.5	1.5	0				
	Women	238	143	25	26	26	9	2	231	4	2	1
	Percent		61.9	10.8	11.2	11.2	4.0	0.9				
	Total	435	274	35	49	52	12	2	424	5	4	2
	Percent		64.6	8.2	11.6	12.3	2.8	0.5				
California State University	Men	342	244	11	34	21	10	5	325	11	4	2
	Percent		75.1	3.4	10.5	6.5	3.0	1.5				
	Women	409	268	30	62	28	3	2	393	9	6	1
	Percent		68.2	7.6	15.8	7.1	0.8	0.5				
	Total	751	512	41	96	49	13	7	718	20	10	3
	Percent		71.3	5.7	13.4	6.8	1.8	1.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,533	989	112	280	52	14	38	1,485	11	25	12
	Percent		66.6	7.5	18.9	3.5	0.9	2.6				
	Women	1,807	1,219	147	330	30	17	20	1,763	11	23	10
	Percent		69.2	8.3	18.7	1.7	1.0	1.1				
	Total	3,340	2,208	259	610	82	31	58	3,248	22	48	22
	Percent		68.0	8.0	18.8	2.5	0.9	1.8				
Sacramento												
High School	Total	8,039	5,491	911	763	722	90	62				
	Percent		68.3	11.3	9.5	9.0	1.1	0.8				
University of California	Men	188	123	11	16	29	3	5	187	1	0	0
	Percent		65.8	5.8	8.6	15.5	1.6	2.7				
	Women	261	146	32	18	46	7	5	254	6	1	0
	Percent		57.5	12.6	7.1	18.0	2.8	2.0				
	Total	449	269	43	34	75	10	10	441	7	1	0
	Percent		61.0	9.8	7.6	17.0	2.3	2.3				
California State University	Men	274	193	14	18	28	5	2	260	7	6	1
	Percent		74.2	5.4	6.9	10.8	1.9	0.8				
	Women	379	265	39	15	37	4	3	363	10	6	0
	Percent		73.0	10.7	4.1	10.2	1.2	0.8				
	Total	653	458	53	33	65	9	5	623	17	12	1
	Percent		73.5	8.5	5.3	10.4	1.5	0.8				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,593	1,052	142	118	121	34	37	1,504	19	29	41
	Percent		70.0	9.4	7.8	8.0	2.3	2.5				
	Women	1,731	1,159	172	131	129	24	27	1,642	16	36	37
	Percent		70.6	10.5	8.0	7.8	1.5	1.6				
	Total	3,324	2,211	314	249	250	58	64	3,146	35	65	78
	Percent		70.4	10.0	7.9	7.9	1.8	2.0				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Contra Costa												
High School	Total	8,084	6,025	790	545	534	158	32				
	Percent		74.5	9.8	6.7	6.6	2.0	0.4				
University of California	Men	383	268	13	16	56	14	2	369	8	4	2
	Percent		72.6	3.5	4.3	15.2	3.9	0.5				
	Women	415	286	24	28	41	17	2	398	9	2	6
	Percent		71.9	6.0	7.0	10.3	4.3	0.5				
	Total	798	554	37	44	97	31	4	767	17	6	8
	Percent		72.2	4.8	5.7	12.7	4.1	0.5				
The California State University	Men	359	267	23	14	25	9	4	342	8	7	2
	Percent		78.1	6.7	4.1	7.3	2.6	1.2				
	Women	417	315	35	21	27	8	4	410	2	2	3
	Percent		76.8	8.5	5.1	6.6	2.0	1.0				
	Total	776	582	58	35	52	17	8	752	10	9	5
	Percent		77.4	7.7	4.7	6.9	2.2	1.1				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,334	961	110	92	72	17	8	1,260	67	0	7
	Percent		76.4	8.7	7.3	5.7	1.3	0.6				
	Women	1,369	1,032	120	96	60	7	6	1,321	40	2	6
	Percent		78.1	9.1	7.3	4.5	0.5	0.5				
	Total	2,703	1,993	230	188	132	24	14	2,581	107	2	13
	Percent		77.2	8.9	7.3	5.1	1.0	0.5				
Riverside												
High School	Total	7,047	4,626	521	1,605	225	38	32				
	Percent		65.6	7.4	22.8	3.2	0.5	0.5				
University of California	Men	163	108	10	25	15	1	0	159	1	3	0
	Percent		67.9	6.3	15.8	9.4	0.6	0.0				
	Women	201	124	11	35	14	3	4	191	9	1	0
	Percent		64.9	5.8	18.3	7.3	1.6	2.1				
	Total	364	232	21	60	29	4	4	350	10	4	0
	Percent		66.4	6.0	17.1	8.3	1.1	1.1				
The California State University	Men	193	122	8	40	9	2	1	182	0	10	1
	Percent		67.0	4.5	22.0	4.9	1.1	0.5				
	Women	234	153	24	34	5	3	4	223	5	5	1
	Percent		68.6	10.8	15.2	2.3	1.3	1.8				
	Total	427	275	32	74	14	5	5	405	5	15	2
	Percent		67.9	7.9	18.3	3.5	1.2	1.2				
California Community Colleges	Men	889	608	61	152	20	11	15	867	6	14	2
	Percent		70.2	7.0	17.5	2.3	1.3	1.7				
	Women	1,067	709	78	202	27	10	13	1,039	4	18	6
	Percent		68.2	7.5	19.4	2.6	1.0	1.3				
	Total	1,956	1,317	139	354	47	21	28	1,906	10	32	8
	Percent		69.0	7.3	18.6	2.5	1.1	1.5				

51

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Ventura												
High School	Total	6,626	4,826	161	1,248	193	140	58				
	Percent		72.8	2.4	18.8	2.9	2.2	0.9				
University of California	Men	196	132	4	26	15	10	4	191	4	0	1
	Percent		69.1	2.1	13.6	7.9	5.2	2.1				
	Women	214	128	4	32	26	11	5	206	7	1	0
	Percent		62.1	2.0	15.5	12.6	5.3	2.5				
	Total	410	260	8	58	41	21	9	397	11	1	1
	Percent		65.5	2.0	14.6	10.3	5.3	2.3				
The California State University	Men	207	153	4	25	9	9	3	203	1	3	0
	Percent		75.4	2.0	12.3	4.4	4.4	1.5				
	Women	246	183	2	31	18	5	0	239	2	4	1
	Percent		76.6	0.8	13.0	7.5	2.1	0				
	Total	453	336	6	56	27	14	3	442	3	7	1
	Percent		76.0	1.3	12.7	6.1	3.2	0.7				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,002	680	30	177	50	25	17	979	5	16	2
	Percent		69.4	3.1	18.1	5.1	2.6	1.7				
	Women	959	673	25	164	30	30	16	938	5	16	0
	Percent		71.7	2.7	17.5	3.2	3.2	1.7				
	Total	1,961	1,353	55	341	80	55	33	1,917	10	32	2
	Percent		70.6	2.9	17.8	4.1	2.9	1.7				
Fresno												
High School	Total	5,667	3,118	316	1,747	395	33	58				
	Percent		55.0	5.6	30.8	7.0	0.6	1.0				
University of California	Men	104	53	2	21	18	2	3	99	2	2	1
	Percent		53.5	2.1	21.2	18.1	2.1	3.0				
	Women	141	71	8	33	18	2	5	137	1	1	2
	Percent		51.8	5.8	24.2	13.1	1.5	3.6				
	Total	245	124	10	54	36	4	8	236	3	3	3
	Percent		52.5	4.2	22.9	15.3	1.7	3.4				
The California State University	Men	329	186	14	72	35	3	3	313	5	6	5
	Percent		59.4	4.5	23.0	11.1	1.0	1.0				
	Women	458	268	17	107	35	4	2	433	8	12	5
	Percent		61.9	3.9	24.7	8.1	0.9	0.5				
	Total	787	454	31	179	70	7	5	746	13	18	10
	Percent		60.8	4.2	24.0	9.4	0.9	0.7				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,020	525	57	282	52	4	20	940	21	20	39
	Percent		55.9	6.1	30.0	5.5	0.4	2.1				
	Women	1,105	629	75	273	35	5	19	1,036	19	24	26
	Percent		60.7	7.2	26.4	3.4	0.5	1.8				
	Total	2,125	1,154	132	555	87	9	39	1,976	40	44	65
	Percent		58.4	6.7	28.1	4.4	0.4	2.0				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
San Francisco												
High School	Total	4,370	731	720	591	1,878	436	14				
	Percent		16.7	16.5	13.5	43.0	10.0	0.3				
University of California	Men	171	37	9	8	104	5	0	163	3	4	1
	Percent		22.7	5.5	4.9	63.8	3.1	0.0				
	Women	186	39	8	22	88	15	3	175	5	4	2
	Percent		22.3	4.6	12.6	50.3	8.6	1.6				
	Total	357	76	17	30	192	20	3	338	8	8	3
	Percent		22.5	5.0	8.9	56.8	5.9	0.9				
The California State University	Men	281	41	24	21	159	14	0	259	8	6	8
	Percent		15.8	9.3	8.1	61.4	5.4	0.0				
	Women	357	37	42	28	191	29	3	330	13	8	6
	Percent		11.2	12.7	8.5	57.9	8.8	0.9				
	Total	638	78	66	49	350	43	3	589	21	14	14
	Percent		13.2	11.2	8.3	59.5	7.3	0.5				
California Community Colleges	Men	585	69	61	44	304	53	2	533	16	0	36
	Percent		12.9	11.4	8.3	57.0	10.0	0.4				
	Women	585	80	72	56	294	48	1	551	8	0	26
	Percent		14.5	13.1	10.2	53.3	8.7	0.2				
	Total	1,170	149	133	100	598	101	3	1,084	24	0	62
	Percent		13.7	12.3	9.2	55.2	9.3	0.3				
San Mateo												
High School	Total	4,971	3,123	310	642	566	323	7				
	Percent		62.8	6.2	12.9	11.5	6.5	0.1				
University of California	Men	209	128	8	11	48	9	1	205	1	2	1
	Percent		62.4	3.9	5.4	23.4	4.4	0.5				
	Women	226	131	8	18	51	7	3	218	5	2	1
	Percent		60.1	3.7	8.2	23.4	3.2	1.4				
	Total	435	259	16	29	99	16	4	423	6	4	2
	Percent		61.2	3.8	6.9	23.4	3.8	0.9				
The California State University	Men	215	126	9	12	29	19	1	196	9	7	3
	Percent		64.3	4.6	6.1	14.8	9.7	0.5				
	Women	297	173	15	20	41	26	2	277	8	9	3
	Percent		62.5	5.4	7.2	14.8	9.4	0.7				
	Total	512	299	24	32	70	45	3	473	17	16	6
	Percent		63.2	5.1	6.8	14.8	9.5	0.6				
California Community Colleges	Men	1,135	648	68	147	103	90	8	1,064	41	1	29
	Percent		61.0	6.4	13.8	9.7	8.3	0.8				
	Women	1,124	697	76	131	66	82	4	1,056	42	1	25
	Percent		66.0	7.2	12.4	6.2	7.8	0.4				
	Total	2,259	1,345	144	278	169	172	12	2,120	83	2	54
	Percent		63.4	6.8	13.1	8.0	8.1	0.6				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Kern												
High School	Total	4,426	2,893	246	1,069	104	67	47				
	Percent		65.4	5.6	24.1	2.3	1.5	1.1				
University of California	Men	68	44	3	10	8	1	1	67	1	0	0
	Percent		65.7	4.5	14.9	11.9	1.5	1.5				
	Women	70	42	5	10	6	4	2	69	1	0	0
	Percent		60.9	7.2	14.5	8.7	5.8	2.9				
	Total	138	86	8	20	14	5	3	136	2	0	0
	Percent		63.2	5.9	14.7	10.3	3.7	2.2				
The California State University	Men	157	92	9	36	7	4	1	149	5	3	0
	Percent		61.7	6.0	24.2	4.7	2.7	0.7				
	Women	228	145	11	47	8	4	2	217	0	8	3
	Percent		66.8	5.1	21.7	3.7	1.8	0.9				
	Total	385	237	20	83	15	8	3	366	5	11	3
	Percent		64.7	5.5	22.7	4.1	2.2	0.8				
California Community Colleges	Men	689	460	37	119	14	12	17	659	7	18	5
	Percent		69.8	5.6	18.1	2.1	1.8	2.6				
	Women	635	451	27	95	11	16	12	612	4	11	8
	Percent		73.7	4.4	15.5	1.8	2.6	2.0				
	Total	1,324	911	64	214	25	28	29	1,271	11	29	13
	Percent		71.7	5.0	16.8	2.0	2.2	2.3				
San Joaquin												
High School	Total	3,661	2,244	185	662	419	132	19				
	Percent		61.3	5.1	18.1	11.4	3.6	0.5				
University of California	Men	52	25	2	9	13	1	0	50	1	1	0
	Percent		50.0	4.0	18.0	26.0	2.0	0.0				
	Women	73	33	2	6	21	7	2	71	0	2	0
	Percent		46.5	2.8	8.4	29.6	9.9	2.8				
	Total	125	58	4	15	34	8	2	121	1	3	0
	Percent		47.9	3.3	12.4	28.1	6.6	1.7				
The California State University	Men	69	38	3	11	9	1	3	65	2	2	0
	Percent		58.6	4.6	16.9	13.8	1.5	4.6				
	Women	96	67	3	15	6	0	1	92	3	0	1
	Percent		72.8	3.3	16.3	6.5	0.0	1.1				
	Total	165	105	6	26	15	1	4	157	5	2	1
	Percent		66.9	3.8	16.6	9.6	0.6	2.5				
California Community Colleges	Men	471	278	24	67	45	27	10	451	0	13	7
	Percent		61.6	5.3	14.9	10.0	6.0	2.2				
	Women	406	252	28	75	17	10	8	390	2	14	0
	Percent		64.6	7.2	19.2	4.3	2.6	2.1				
	Total	877	530	52	142	62	37	18	841	2	27	7
	Percent		63.0	6.2	16.9	7.4	4.4	2.1				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Monterey												
High School	Total	2,376	1,345	134	615	167	104	11				
	Percent		56.6	5.6	25.9	7.0	4.4	0.5				
University of California	Men	49	27	0	9	10	2	0	48	1	0	0
	Percent		56.2	0.0	18.8	20.8	4.2	0.0				
	Women	70	41	4	12	6	4	0	67	2	1	0
	Percent		61.1	6.0	17.9	9.0	6.0	0.0				
	Total	119	68	4	21	16	6	0	115	3	1	0
	Percent		59.1	3.5	18.3	13.9	5.2	0.0				
The California State University	Men	65	39	3	14	5	3	0	64	1	0	0
	Percent		60.9	4.7	21.9	7.8	4.7	0.0				
	Women	76	48	3	6	9	2	0	68	5	3	0
	Percent		70.6	4.4	8.8	13.3	2.9	0.0				
	Total	141	87	6	20	14	5	0	132	6	3	0
	Percent		65.9	4.5	15.2	10.6	3.8	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	442	238	25	82	21	25	5	396	21	18	7
	Percent		60.1	6.3	20.7	5.3	6.3	1.3				
	Women	459	232	29	117	21	22	8	429	18	11	1
	Percent		54.1	6.7	27.3	4.9	5.1	1.9				
	Total	901	470	54	199	42	47	13	825	39	29	8
	Percent		57.0	6.5	24.1	5.1	5.7	1.6				
Sonoma												
High School	Total	3,216	2,839	48	207	91	18	13				
	Percent		88.3	1.5	6.4	2.8	0.6	0.4				
University of California	Men	71	59	3	0	5	2	1	70	1	0	0
	Percent		84.4	4.3	0.0	7.1	2.8	1.4				
	Women	97	85	1	6	3	0	1	96	1	0	0
	Percent		88.6	1.0	6.3	3.1	0.0	1.0				
	Total	168	144	4	6	8	2	2	166	2	0	0
	Percent		86.7	2.4	3.7	4.8	1.2	1.2				
The California State University	Men	89	78	2	2	3	1	1	87	1	1	0
	Percent		89.7	2.3	2.3	3.5	1.1	1.1				
	Women	102	89	2	4	3	1	0	99	1	2	0
	Percent		90.0	2.0	4.0	3.0	1.0					
	Total	191	167	4	6	6	2	1	186	2	3	0
	Percent		89.8	2.2	3.2	3.2	1.1	0.5				
California Community Colleges	Men	335	278	5	20	9	2	1	315	7	6	7
	Percent		88.3	1.6	6.3	2.9	0.6	0.3				
	Women	319	274	3	17	7	4	5	310	5	4	0
	Percent		88.4	1.0	5.5	2.2	1.3	1.6				
	Total	654	552	8	37	16	6	6	625	12	10	7
	Percent		88.3	1.3	5.9	2.5	1.0	1.0				

55

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Santa Barbara												
High School	Total	2,934	2,136	98	556	99	33	12				
	Percent		72.8	3.3	19.0	3.4	1.1	0.4				
University	Men	103	68	5	13	10	0	3	99	3	1	0
of	Percent		68.7	5.1	13.1	10.1		3.0				
California	Women	107	72	4	14	7	1	0	98	3	0	1
	Percent		73.5	4.1	14.3	7.1	1.0	0.0				
	Total	205	140	9	27	17	1	3	197	6	1	1
	Percent		71.1	4.6	13.7	8.6	0.5	1.5				
The California	Men	85	66	4	10	2	0	0	82	2	1	0
State	Percent		80.5	4.9	12.2	2.4	0.0	0.0				
University	Women	91	72	2	7	7	1	0	89	1	1	0
	Percent		80.9	2.2	7.9	7.9	1.1	0.0				
	Total	176	138	6	17	9	1	0	171	3	2	0
	Percent		80.7	3.5	9.9	5.3	0.6	0.0				
The California	Men	550	402	25	75	12	6	5	525	12	8	5
Community	Percent		76.6	4.8	14.3	2.3	1.1	0.9				
Colleges	Women	573	411	21	93	12	6	7	550	6	12	5
	Percent		74.7	3.8	16.9	2.2	1.1	1.3				
	Total	1123	813	46	168	24	12	12	1,075	18	20	10
	Percent		75.7	4.3	15.6	2.2	1.1	1.1				
Stanislaus												
High School	Total	2,997	2,296	44	505	140	4	8				
	Percent		76.6	1.5	16.9	4.6	0.1	0.3				
University	Men	49	35	0	2	7	0	1	45	4	0	0
of	Percent		77.8	0.0	4.4	15.6	0.0	2.2				
California	Women	44	28	0	3	5	4	0	40	2	2	0
	Percent		70.0	0.0	7.5	12.5	10.0	0.0				
	Total	93	63	0	5	12	4	1	85	6	2	0
	Percent		74.1	0.0	5.9	14.1	4.7	1.2				
The California	Men	106	72	1	13	11	0	1	98	2	6	0
State	Percent		73.5	1.0	13.3	11.2	0.0	1.0				
University	Women	136	105	1	14	3	1	1	125	5	6	0
	Percent		84.0	0.8	11.2	2.4	0.8	0.8				
	Total	242	177	2	27	14	1	2	223	7	12	0
	Percent		79.4	0.9	12.1	6.3	0.4	0.9				
The California	Men	403	294	4	50	8	2	6	364	13	0	26
Community	Percent		80.9	1.1	13.7	2.2	0.5	1.6				
Colleges	Women	386	301	7	42	2	3	1	356	14	0	16
	Percent		84.5	2.0	11.8	0.6	0.8	0.3				
	Total	789	595	11	92	10	5	7	720	27	0	42
	Percent		82.6	1.5	12.8	1.4	0.7	1.0				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Tulare												
High School	Total	3,009	1,925	61	889	76	38	20				
	Percent		64.0	2.0	29.5	2.5	1.3	0.7				
University of California	Men	45	28	1	8	7	0	0	44	1	0	0
	Percent		63.6	2.3	18.2	15.9	0.0	0.0				
	Women	39	24	1	8	1	3	1	38	0	0	1
	Percent		63.2	2.6	21.1	2.6	7.9	2.6				
	Total	84	52	2	16	8	3	1	82	1	0	1
	Percent		63.4	2.4	19.5	9.7	3.7	1.3				
The California State University	Men	61	36	0	20	1	0	0	57	1	2	1
	Percent		63.2	0.0	35.1	1.7	0.0	0.0				
	Women	85	62	1	16	2	1	2	84	0	0	1
	Percent		73.8	1.2	19.0	2.4	1.2	2.4				
	Total	146	98	1	36	3	1	2	141	1	2	2
	Percent		69.5	0.7	25.6	2.1	0.7	1.4				
California Community Colleges	Men	532	296	14	136	14	4	18	482	18	30	2
	Percent		61.5	2.9	28.2	2.9	0.8	3.7				
	Women	577	346	9	164	6	7	11	543	11	20	3
	Percent		63.7	1.7	30.2	1.1	1.3	2.0				
	Total	1,109	642	23	300	20	11	29	1,025	29	50	5
	Percent		62.6	2.2	29.3	2.0	1.1	2.8				
Marin												
High School	Total	2,137	1,912	64	63	96	2	0				
	Percent		89.5	3.0	2.9	4.5	0.1	0				
University of California	Men	152	113	3	8	19	1	0	144	6	2	0
	Percent		78.5	2.1	5.5	13.2	0.7	0.0				
	Women	159	131	5	7	12	1	0	156	2	0	1
	Percent		84.0	3.2	4.5	7.7	0.6	0.0				
	Total	311	244	8	15	31	2	0	300	8	2	1
	Percent		81.3	2.7	5.0	10.3	0.7	0.0				
The California State University	Men	112	97	1	3	5	2	0	108	4	0	0
	Percent		89.8	0.9	2.8	4.6	1.9	0.0				
	Women	144	128	1	1	6	0	0	136	5	2	1
	Percent		94.2	0.7	0.7	4.4	0.0	0.0				
	Total	256	225	2	4	11	2	0	244	9	2	1
	Percent		92.3	0.8	1.6	4.5	0.8	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	324	275	12	10	10	1	5	313	4	2	5
	Percent		87.9	3.8	3.2	3.2	0.3	1.6				
	Women	301	257	7	13	3	4	5	289	6	3	3
	Percent		88.9	2.5	4.5	1.0	1.4	1.7				
	Total	625	532	19	23	13	5	10	602	10	5	8
	Percent		88.4	3.1	3.8	2.2	0.8	1.7				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Solano												
High School	Total	2,688	1,562	452	253	179	217	25				
	Percent		58.1	16.8	9.4	6.7	8.1	0.9				
University	Men	73	41	9	3	10	6	0	69	3	1	0
of	Percent		59.4	13.1	4.3	14.5	8.7	0.0				
California	Women	86	30	13	9	12	21	1	86	0	0	0
	Percent		34.9	15.1	10.5	13.9	24.4	1.2				
	Total	159	71	22	12	22	27	1	155	3	1	0
	Percent		45.9	14.2	7.7	14.2	17.4	0.6				
The California	Men	69	38	8	6	5	6	1	64	4	1	0
State	Percent		59.4	12.5	9.4	7.8	9.4	1.5				
University	Women	89	53	16	5	3	11	0	88	1	0	0
	Percent		60.2	18.2	5.7	3.4	12.5	0.0				
	Total	158	91	24	11	8	17	1	152	5	1	0
	Percent		59.9	15.8	7.2	5.3	11.2	0.6				
California	Men	346	182	48	28	20	34	9	321	3	17	5
Community	Percent		56.7	15.0	8.7	6.2	10.6	2.8				
Colleges	Women	334	174	50	21	23	30	15	313	2	16	3
	Percent		55.6	16.0	6.7	7.3	9.6	4.8				
	Total	680	356	98	49	43	64	24	634	5	33	8
	Percent		56.2	15.4	7.7	6.8	10.1	3.8				
Santa Cruz												
High School	Total	1,810	1,408	26	297	58	18	3				
	Percent		77.8	1.4	16.4	3.2	1.0	0.2				
University	Men	87	65	3	8	7	2	0	85	1	1	0
of	Percent		76.5	3.5	9.4	8.2	2.4	0.0				
California	Women	96	74	2	8	5	2	2	93	3	0	0
	Percent		79.6	2.1	8.6	5.5	2.1	2.1				
	Total	183	139	5	16	12	4	2	178	4	1	0
	Percent		78.2	2.8	9.0	6.7	2.2	1.1				
The California	Men	73	58	2	5	5	0	0	70	1	1	1
State	Percent		82.9	2.9	7.1	7.1	0.0	0.0				
University	Women	79	57	2	12	2	0	1	74	4	1	0
	Percent		77.0	2.7	16.2	2.7	0.0	1.4				
	Total	152	115	4	17	7	0.0	1	144	5	2	1
	Percent		80.0	2.8	11.8	4.9	0.0	0.5				
California	Men	371	289	2	55	9	5	3	363	2	1	5
Community	Percent		79.6	0.5	15.2	2.5	1.4	0.8				
Colleges	Women	393	305	3	63	6	7	3	387	1	2	3
	Percent		78.8	0.8	16.3	1.5	1.8	0.8				
	Total	764	594	5	118	15	12	6	750	3	3	8
	Percent		79.2	0.7	15.7	2.0	1.6	0.8				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Placer												
High School	Total	1,802	1,648	9	104	27	2	12				
	Percent		91.5	0.5	5.8	1.4	0.1	0.7				
University of California	Men	31	28	0	2	0	0	1	31	0	0	0
	Percent		90.3	0.0	6.5	0.0	0.0	3.2				
	Women	35	28	0	2	2	1	2	35	0	0	0
	Percent		80.0	0.0	5.7	5.7	2.9	5.7				
	Total	66	56	0	4	2	1	3	66	0	0	0
	Percent		84.8	0.0	6.1	3.1	1.5	4.5				
The California State University	Men	56	44	1	2	3	1	2	53	2	1	0
	Percent		83.0	1.9	3.8	5.6	1.9	3.8				
	Women	101	93	0	4	2	0	0	99	2	0	0
	Percent		93.9	0.0	4.1	2.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	157	137	1	6	5	1	2	152	4	1	0
	Percent		90.1	0.7	3.9	3.3	0.7	1.3				
California Community Colleges	Men	331	292	1	17	2	0	9	321	0	5	5
	Percent		91.0	0.3	5.3	0.6	0.0	2.8				
	Women	331	289	0	19	2	1	6	317	0	9	5
	Percent		91.2	0.0	6.0	0.6	0.3	1.9				
	Total	662	581	1	36	4	1	15	638	0	14	10
	Percent		91.1	0.2	5.6	0.6	0.2	2.3				
Merced												
High School	Total	1,929	1,173	116	470	162	5	3				
	Percent		60.8	6.0	24.4	8.3	0.3	0.2				
University of California	Men	28	18	4	2	2	0	1	27	0	1	0
	Percent		66.7	14.8	7.4	7.4	0.0	3.7				
	Women	21	12	3	2	2	0	2	21	0	0	0
	Percent		57.2	14.3	9.5	9.5	0.0	9.5				
	Total	49	30	7	4	4	0	3	48	0	1	0
	Percent		62.5	14.6	8.3	8.3	0.0	6.3				
The California State University	Men	77	52	5	9	4	0	0	70	1	5	1
	Percent		74.3	7.1	12.9	5.7	0.0	0.0				
	Women	95	62	4	23	4	0	0	93	0	2	0
	Percent		66.7	4.3	24.7	4.3	0.0	0.0				
	Total	172	114	9	32	8	0	0	163	1	7	1
	Percent		70.0	5.5	19.6	4.9	0.0	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	292	148	24	62	8	4	1	247	0	8	37
	Percent		60.0	9.7	25.1	3.2	1.6	0.4				
	Women	356	218	22	67	8	5	1	321	0	7	28
	Percent		67.9	6.8	20.9	2.5	1.6	0.3				
	Total	648	366	46	129	16	9	2	568	0	15	65
	Percent		64.4	8.1	22.7	2.8	1.6	0.4				

59

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Shasta												
High School	Total	1,560	1,420	20	27	10	0	83				
	Percent		91.0	1.3	1.7	0.7	0.0	5.3				
University of California	Men	20	19	0	0	1	0	0	20	0	0	0
	Percent		95.0	0.0	0.0	5.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	34	32	0	0	1	0	1	34	0	0	0
	Percent		94.2	0.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	2.9				
	Total	54	51	0	0	2	0	1	54	0	0	0
	Percent		94.4	0.0	0.0	3.7	0.0	1.9				
The California State University	Men	30	29	0	1	0	0	0	30	0	0	0
	Percent		96.7	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	40	35	0	2	1	0	2	40	0	0	0
	Percent		87.5	0.0	5.0	2.5	0.0	5.0				
	Total	70	64	0	3	1	0	2	70	0	0	0
	Percent		91.4	0.0	4.3	1.4	0.0	2.9				
California Community Colleges	Men	240	226	2	4	1	0	3	236	1	2	1
	Percent		95.8	0.8	1.7	0.4	0.0	1.3				
	Women	287	254	0	13	1	1	10	279	4	4	0
	Percent		91.0	0.0	4.6	0.4	0.4	3.6				
	Total	527	480	2	17	2	1	13	515	5	6	1
	Percent		93.2	0.4	3.3	0.4	0.2	2.5				
San Luis Obispo												
High School	Total	1,568	1,364	23	124	36	19	2				
	Percent		87.0	1.5	7.9	2.3	1.2	0.1				
University of California	Men	29	18	0	3	6	1	0	28	1	0	0
	Percent		64.3	0.0	10.7	21.4	3.6	0.0				
	Women	30	25	1	2	1	0	0	29	0	1	0
	Percent		86.3	3.4	6.9	3.4	0.0	0.0				
	Total	59	43	1	5	7	1	0	57	1	1	0
	Percent		75.4	1.8	8.7	12.3	1.8	0.0				
The California State University	Men	67	48	0	8	5	2	1	64	0	1	2
	Percent		75.0	0.0	12.5	7.8	3.1	1.6				
	Women	90	66	2	10	6	3	0	87	1	2	0
	Percent		75.9	2.3	11.5	6.9	3.4	0.0				
	Total	157	114	2	18	11	5	1	151	1	3	2
	Percent		75.5	1.3	11.9	7.3	3.3	0.7				
California Community Colleges	Men	241	198	11	15	5	3	0	232	6	2	1
	Percent		85.3	4.7	6.5	2.2	1.3	0.0				
	Women	282	230	6	18	8	2	3	267	8	6	1
	Percent		86.2	2.2	6.8	3.0	0.7	1.1				
	Total	523	428	17	33	13	5	3	499	14	8	2
	Percent		85.8	3.4	6.6	2.6	1.0	0.6				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Butte												
High School	Total	1,443	1,285	15	75	37	2	29				
	Percent		89.1	1.0	5.2	2.6	0.1	2.0				
University of California	Men	35	27	0	2	5	0	0	34	1	0	0
	Percent		79.4	0.0	5.9	14.7	0.0	0.0				
	Women	32	25	0	2	3	0	0	30	2	0	0
	Percent		83.3	0.0	6.7	10	0.0	0.0				
	Total	67	52	0	4	8	0	0	64	3	0	0
	Percent		81.2	0.0	6.3	12.5	0.0	0.0				
The California State University	Men	98	82	1	8	3	1	1	96	1	1	0
	Percent		85.5	1.0	8.3	3.2	1.0	1.0				
	Women	156	136	3	8	5	0	2	154	1	1	0
	Percent		88.4	1.9	5.2	3.2	0.0	1.3				
	Total	254	218	4	16	8	1	3	250	2	2	0
	Percent		87.2	1.6	6.4	3.2	0.4	1.2				
California Community Colleges	Men	157	132	1	8	4	0	5	150	0	5	2
	Percent		88.0	0.7	5.3	2.7	0.0	3.3				
	Women	175	158	3	9	3	0	0	173	0	1	1
	Percent		91.3	1.7	5.3	1.7	0.0	0.0				
	Total	332	290	4	17	7	0	5	323	0	6	3
	Percent		89.8	1.2	5.3	2.2	0.0	1.5				
Imperial												
High School	Total	1,256	297	27	899	14	4	15				
	Percent		23.6	2.1	71.6	1.2	0.3	1.2				
University of California	Men	19	3	1	13	1	0	0	18	0	1	0
	Percent		16.8	5.5	72.2	5.5	0.0	0.0				
	Women	25	6	0	15	2	0	1	24	0	1	0
	Percent		25.0	0.0	62.5	8.3	0.0	4.2				
	Total	44	9	1	28	3	0	1	42	0	2	0
	Percent		21.4	2.4	66.7	7.1	0.0	2.4				
The California State University	Men	18	9	0	6	2	0	1	18	0	0	0
	Percent		50.0	0.0	33.3	11.1	0.0	5.6				
	Women	19	7	0	9	2	0	0	18	0	1	0
	Percent		38.9	0.0	50.0	11.1	0.0	0.0				
	Total	37	16	0	15	4	0	1	36	0	1	0
	Percent		44.4	0.0	41.7	11.1	0.0	2.8				
California Community Colleges	Men	248	60	5	162	2	1	3	233	0	13	2
	Percent		25.8	2.1	69.5	0.9	0.4	1.3				
	Women	312	56	13	209	2	2	6	288	1	20	3
	Percent		19.4	4.5	72.6	0.7	0.7	2.1				
	Total	560	116	18	371	4	3	9	521	1	33	5
	Percent		22.3	3.4	71.2	0.8	0.6	1.7				

61

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Yolo												
High School	Total	1,143	800	31	239	64	6	3				
	Percent		70.0	2.7	20.9	5.6	0.5	0.3				
University of California	Men	85	56	4	8	12	0	1	81	0	1	3
	Percent		69.1	4.9	10.0	14.8	0.0	1.2				
	Women	83	51	1	10	16	0	0	78	1	1	3
	Percent		65.4	1.3	12.8	20.5	0.0	0.0				
	Total	168	107	5	18	28	0	1	159	1	2	16
	Percent		67.3	3.2	11.3	17.6	0.0	0.6				
The California State University	Men	55	40	0	8	3	0	1	52	0	2	1
	Percent		76.9	0.0	15.4	5.8	0.0	1.9				
	Women	66	54	1	8	1	1	0	65	0	1	0
	Percent		83.2	1.5	12.3	1.5	1.5	0.0				
	Total	121	94	1	16	4	1	1	117	0	3	1
	Percent		80.3	0.9	13.7	3.3	0.9	0.9				
California Community Colleges	Men	178	111	8	38	7	3	3	170	1	5	2
	Percent		65.3	4.7	22.4	4.0	1.8	1.8				
	Women	169	128	4	23	4	3	3	165	1	2	1
	Percent		77.6	2.5	13.9	2.4	1.8	1.8				
	Total	347	239	12	61	11	6	6	335	2	7	3
	Percent		71.3	3.6	18.2	3.3	1.8	1.8				
El Dorado												
High School	Total	1,020	967	5	32	7	7	2				
	Percent		94.8	0.5	3.1	0.7	0.7	0.2				
University of California	Men	28	26	0	1	1	0	0	28	0	0	0
	Percent		92.8	0.0	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0				
	Women	19	16	0	0	1	1	0	18	1	0	0
	Percent		89.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	5.5	0.0				
	Total	47	42	0	1	2	1	0	46	1	0	0
	Percent		91.3	0.0	2.2	4.3	2.2	0.0				
The California State University	Men	43	38	0	3	0	0	0	41	2	0	0
	Percent		92.7	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	67	61	0	3	0	0	0	64	2	1	0
	Percent		95.3	0.0	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	110	99	0	6	0	0	0	105	4	1	0
	Percent		94.3	0.0	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	160	142	1	3	0	3	3	152	3	5	0
	Percent		93.4	0.6	2.0	0.0	2.0	2.0				
	Women	186	171	1	4	1	0	3	180	5	1	0
	Percent		95.0	0.6	2.1	0.6	0.0	1.7				
	Total	346	313	2	7	1	3	6	332	8	6	0
	Percent		94.3	0.6	2.1	0.3	0.9	1.8				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Napa												
High School	Total	818	722	6	53	20	8	9				
	Percent		88.3	0.7	6.5	2.4	1.0	1.1				
University of California	Men	22	18	0	0	2	1	0	21	1	0	0
	Percent		85.7	0.0	0.0	9.5	4.8	0.0				
	Women	24	21	1	1	1	0	0	24	0	0	0
	Percent		87.4	4.2	4.2	4.2	0.0	0.0				
	Total	46	39	1	1	3	1	0	45	1	0	0
	Percent		86.7	2.2	2.2	6.7	2.2	0.0				
The California State University	Men	35	26	0	2	1	2	2	33	1	1	0
	Percent		78.7	0.0	6.1	3.0	6.1	6.1				
	Women	39	35	0	2	0	0	1	38	1	0	0
	Percent		92.1	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	2.6				
	Total	74	61	0	4	1	2	3	71	2	1	0
	Percent		85.9	0.0	5.6	1.4	2.8	4.3				
California Community Colleges	Men	135	110	1	4	1	4	2	122	7	2	4
	Percent		90.2	0.8	3.3	0.8	3.3	1.6				
	Women	167	144	3	11	3	1	0	162	4	0	1
	Percent		88.9	1.8	6.9	1.8	0.6	0.0				
	Total	302	254	4	15	4	5	2	284	11	2	5
	Percent		89.4	1.4	5.3	1.4	1.8	0.7				
Humboldt												
High School	Total	1,000	844	12	18	18	3	105				
	Percent		84.4	1.2	1.8	1.8	0.3	10.5				
University of California	Men	27	19	0	4	0	0	3	26	1	0	0
	Percent		73.1	0.0	15.4	0.0	0.0	11.5				
	Women	23	15	0	3	3	0	2	23	0	0	0
	Percent		65.2	0.0	13.0	13.0	0.0	8.8				
	Total	50	34	0	7	3	0	5	49	1	0	0
	Percent		69.4	0.0	14.3	6.1	0.0	10.2				
The California State University	Men	49	40	0	0	2	0	3	45	3	1	0
	Percent		88.9	0.0	0.0	4.4	0.0	6.7				
	Women	53	47	0	1	0	0	2	50	3	0	0
	Percent		94.0	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.0	4.0				
	Total	102	87	0	1	2	0	5	95	6	1	0
	Percent		91.6	0.0	1.0	2.1	0.0	5.3				
California Community Colleges	Men	179	152	0	3	8	0	14	177	2	0	0
	Percent		85.9	0.0	1.7	4.5	0.0	7.9				
	Women	172	151	1	6	0	0	10	168	2	1	1
	Percent		89.9	0.6	3.6	0.0	0.0	5.9				
	Total	351	303	1	9	8	0	24	345	4	1	1
	Percent		87.8	0.3	2.6	2.3	0.0	7.0				

63

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Mendocino												
High School	Total	933	829	8	55	6	0	35				-
	Percent		88.9	0.9	5.9	0.6	0.0	3.7				
University of California	Men	23	18	1	3	1	0	0	23	0	0	0
	Percent		78.3	4.3	13.1	4.3	0.0	0.0				
	Women	26	22	0	1	1	0	1	25	1	0	0
	Percent		88.0	0.0	4.0	4.0	0.0	4.0				
	Total	49	40	1	4	2	0	1	48	1	0	0
	Percent		83.3	2.1	8.3	4.2	0.0	2.1				
The California State University	Men	30	25	1	1	0	0	1	28	2	0	0
	Percent		89.2	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0	3.6				
	Women	42	35	0	3	0	0	3	41	1	0	0
	Percent		85.4	0.0	7.3	0.0	0.0	7.3				
	Total	72	60	1	4	0	0	4	69	3	0	0
	Percent		87.0	1.4	5.8	0.0		5.8				
California Community Colleges	Men	79	63	1	3	1	0	3	71	0	8	0
	Percent		88.8	1.4	4.2	1.4	0.0	4.2				
	Women	122	102	0	5	0	0	5	112	0	10	0
	Percent		91.0	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	4.5				
	Total	201	165	1	8	1	0	8	183	0	18	0
	Percent		90.2	0.5	4.4	0.5	0.0	4.4				
Kings												
High School	Total	809	529	43	204	8	19	6				
	Percent		65.4	5.3	25.2	1.0	2.3	0.8				
University of California	Men	7	4	0	1	0	0	1	6	1	0	0
	Percent		66.6	0.0	16.7	0.0	0.0	16.7				
	Women	4	2	0	1	0	1	0	4	0	0	0
	Percent		50.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	25.0	0.0				
	Total	11	6	0	2	0	1	1	10	1	0	0
	Percent		60.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	10.0	10.0				
The California State University	Men	19	10	0	4	2	3	0	19	0	0	0
	Percent		52.6	0.0	21.1	10.5	15.8	0.0				
	Women	39	17	1	10	5	2	0	35	1	2	1
	Percent		48.6	2.9	28.6	14.3	5.6	0.0				
	Total	58	27	1	14	7	5	0	54	1	2	1
	Percent		50.0	1.9	25.9	13.0	9.2	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	149	88	11	29	2	5	3	138	2	9	0
	Percent		63.8	8.0	21.0	1.4	3.6	2.2				
	Women	147	91	6	29	3	2	2	133	2	10	2
	Percent		68.4	4.5	21.8	2.3	1.5	1.5				
	Total	296	179	17	58	5	7	5	271	4	19	2
	Percent		66.1	6.3	21.4	1.8	2.6	1.8				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Madera												
High School	Total	886	565	21	282	13	0	5				
	Percent		63.8	2.4	31.8	1.5	0.0	0.5				
University of California	Men	8	5	0	2	0	0	0	7	1	0	0
	Percent		71.4	0.0	28.6	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	9	6	0	2	1	0	0	9	0	0	0
	Percent		66.7	0.0	22.2	11.1	0.0	0.0				
	Total	17	11	0	4	1	0	0	16	1	0	0
	Percent		68.8	0.0	25.0	6.2	0.0	0.0				
The California State University	Men	33	18	1	11	1	0	0	31	0	1	1
	Percent		58.1	3.2	35.5	3.2	0.0	0.0				
	Women	46	22	4	17	0	0	0	43	1	1	1
	Percent		51.2	9.3	39.5	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	79	40	5	28	1	0	0	74	1	2	2
	Percent		54.1	6.8	37.8	1.3	0.0	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	116	87	3	19	0	1	2	112	2	2	0
	Percent		77.6	2.7	17.0	0.0	0.9	1.8				
	Women	104	64	2	28	1	0	2	97	1	4	2
	Percent		66.0	2.1	28.8	1.0	0.0	2.1				
	Total	220	151	5	47	1	1	4	209	3	6	2
	Percent		72.2	2.4	22.5	0.5	0.5	1.9				
Nevada												
High School	Total	680	670	3	5	0	0	2				
	Percent		98.5	0.4	0.8	0	0	0.3				
University of California	Men	20	16	0	0	1	0	1	18	1	1	0
	Percent		89.0	0.0	0.0	5.5	0.0	5.5				
	Women	20	19	1	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0
	Percent		95.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	40	35	1	0	1	0	1	38	1	1	0
	Percent		92.2	2.6	0.0	2.6	0.0	2.6				
The California State University	Men	22	21	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	1	0
	Percent		100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	25	23	0	0	0	0	1	24	1	0	0
	Percent		95.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2				
	Total	47	44	0	0	0	0	1	45	1	1	0
	Percent		97.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2				
California Community Colleges	Men	107	98	1	2	0	2	3	106	0	1	0
	Percent		92.5	0.9	1.9	0.0	1.9	2.8				
	Women	120	113	0	4	0	1	2	120	0	0	0
	Percent		94.2	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.8	1.7				
	Total	227	211	1	6	0	3	5	226	0	1	0
	Percent		93.4	0.4	2.7	0.0	1.3	2.2				

65

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Sutter												
High School	Total	662	461	15	88	87	6	5				
	Percent		69.6	2.3	13.3	13.1	0.9	0.8				
University of California	Men	14	10	0	1	2	1	0	14	0	0	0
	Percent		71.4	0.0	7.1	14.4	7.1	0.0				
	Women	15	11	0	0	4	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Percent		73.3	0.0	0.0	26.7	0.0	0.0				
	Total	29	21	0	1	6	1	0	29	0	0	0
	Percent		72.4	0.0	3.4	20.8	0.0	3.4				
The California State University	Men	32	24	0	7	1	0	0	32	0	0	0
	Percent		75.0	0.0	21.9	3.1	0.0	0.0				
	Women	27	16	0	3	3	0	0	22	2	3	0
	Percent		72.8	0.0	13.6	13.6	0.0	0.0				
	Total	59	40	0	10	4	0	0	54	2	3	0
	Percent		74.1	0.0	18.5	7.4	0.0	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	129	92	5	15	10	2	2	126	0	3	0
	Percent		73.0	4.0	11.9	7.9	1.6	1.6				
	Women	135	122	2	7	4	0	0	135	0	0	0
	Percent		90.3	1.5	5.2	3.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	264	214	7	22	14	2	2	261	0	3	0
	Percent		82.0	2.6	8.4	5.4	0.8	0.8				
Tehama												
High School	Total	473	401	0	47	5	1	19				
	Percent		84.8	0.0	9.9	1.1	0.2	4.0				
University of California	Men	6	6	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
	Percent		100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	7	6	0	0	0	0	1	7	0	0	0
	Percent		85.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.3				
	Total	13	12	0	0	0	0	1	13	0	0	0
	Percent		92.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.7				
The California State University	Men	20	16	0	1	2	0	0	19	0	1	0
	Percent		84.2	0.0	5.3	10.5	0.0	0.0				
	Women	28	27	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	1	0
	Percent		100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	48	43	0	1	2	0	0	46	0	2	0
	Percent		93.5	0.0	2.2	4.3	0.0	0.0				
California Community Colleges	Men	67	56	0	6	0	0	4	66	0	0	1
	Percent		84.8	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	6.1				
	Women	66	59	0	3	0	1	2	65	0	1	0
	Percent		90.8	0.0	4.6	0.0	1.5	3.1				
	Total	133	115	0	9	0	1	6	131	0	1	1
	Percent		87.8	0.0	6.9	0.0	0.7	4.6				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Siskiyou												
High School	Total	472	418	7	21	3	1	22				
	Percent		88.6	1.5	4.4	0.6	0.2	4.7				
University of California	Men	10	7	0	1	1	1	0	10	0	0	0
	Percent		70.0	0.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	0.0				
	Women	8	7	0	0	1	0	0	8	0	0	0
	Percent		87.5	0.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0				
	Total	18	14	0	1	2	1	0	18	0	0	0
	Percent		77.8	0.0	5.6	11.0	5.6	0.0				
The California State University	Men	13	7	0	4	0	0	0	11	2	0	0
	Percent		63.6	0.0	36.4	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	22	21	0	0	0	0	1	22	0	0	0
	Percent		95.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.6				
	Total	35	28	0	4	0	0	1	33	2	0	0
	Percent		84.8	0.0	12.1	0.0	0.0	3.1				
California Community Colleges	Men	78	67	3	0	2	0	4	76	2	0	0
	Percent		88.2	3.9	0.0	2.6	0.0	5.3				
	Women	82	70	4	2	1	0	3	80	2	0	0
	Percent		87.5	5.0	2.5	1.2	0.0	3.8				
	Total	160	137	7	2	3	0	7	156	4	0	0
	Percent		87.8	4.5	1.3	1.9	0.0	4.5				
Tuolumne												
High School	Total	403	358	2	13	3	0	27				
	Percent		88.8	0.5	3.2	0.7	0.0	6.8				
University of California	Men	5	4	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0
	Percent		80.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0				
	Women	6	5	0	1	0	0	0	6	0	0	0
	Percent		83.3	0.0	16.7	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	11	9	0	1	0	0	1	11	0	0	0
	Percent		81.8	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	9.1				
The California State University	Men	9	6	0	1	0	0	1	8	1	0	0
	Percent		75.0	0.0	12.5	0.0	0.0	12.5				
	Women	18	14	1	1	0	0	0	16	1	1	0
	Percent		87.6	6.2	6.2	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	27	20	1	2	0	0	1	24	2	1	0
	Percent		83.3	4.2	8.3	0.0	0.0	4.2				
California Community Colleges	Men	53	48	0	2	1	1	0	52	1	0	0
	Percent		92.4	0.0	3.8	1.9	1.9	0.0				
	Women	58	54	1	2	0	0	1	58	0	0	0
	Percent		93.2	1.7	3.4	0.0	0.0	1.7				
	Total	111	102	1	4	1	1	1	110	1	0	0
	Percent		92.7	0.9	3.7	0.9	0.9	0 9				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Yuba												
High School	Total	465	332	22	41	35	9	26				
	Percent		71.4	4.7	8.8	7.5	1.9	5.7				
University of California	Men	9	5	1	0	2	0	0	8	1	0	0
	Percent		62.5	12.5	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
	Percent		100.	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Total	11	7	1	0	2	0	0	10	1	0	0
	Percent		70.0	10.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	0.0				
The California State University	Men	15	8	1	4	2	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Percent		53.3	6.7	26.7	13.3	0.0	0.0				
	Women	15	9	1	3	0	0	2	15	0	0	0
	Percent		60.0	6.7	20.0	0.0	0.0	13.3				
	Total	30	17	2	7	2	0	2	30	0	0	0
	Percent		56.7	6.7	23.2	6.7	0.0	6.7				
California Community Colleges	Men	83	55	5	8	9	0	3	80	0	3	0
	Percent		68.8	6.2	10.0	11.2	0.0	3.8				
	Women	99	80	6	7	3	1	2	99	0	0	0
	Percent		80.8	6.1	7.1	3.0	1.0	2.0				
	Total	182	135	11	15	12	1	5	179	0	3	0
	Percent		75.4	6.1	8.4	6.7	0.6	2.8				
Lake												
High School	Total	410	379	6	13	3	3	6				
	Percent		92.4	1.5	3.2	0.7	0.7	1.5				
University of California	Men	7	5	0	1	0	1	0	7	0	0	0
	Percent		71.4	0.0	14.3	0.0	14.3	0.0				
	Women	7	5	0	0	1	0	1	7	0	0	0
	Percent		71.4	0.0	0.0	14.3	0.0	14.3				
	Total	14	10	0	1	1	1	1	14	0	0	0
	Percent		71.4	0.0	7.15	7.15	7.15	7.15				
The California State University	Men	14	13	1	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0
	Percent		92.8	7.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0				
	Women	22	18	1	2	0	0	1	22	0	0	0
	Percent		81.8	4.5	9.2	0.0	0.0	4.5				
	Total	36	31	2	2	0	0	1	36	0	0	0
	Percent		86.2	5.5	5.5	0.0	0.0	2.8				
California Community Colleges	Men	32	27	0	1	1	1	1	31	1	0	0
	Percent		87.2	0.0	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2				
	Women	40	38	0	1	0	1	0	40	0	0	0
	Percent		95.0	0.0	2.5	0.0	2.5	0.0				
	Total	72	65	0	2	1	2	1	71	1	0	0
	Percent		91.6	0.0	2.8	1.4	2.8	1.4				

County and Segment	Sex and Percent	Number	White	Black	Hispanic	Asian	Filipino	American Indian	Sub-Total	No Response	Other	Non-Resident Alien
Total												
High School	Total	237,414	145,165	18,809	45,872	20,640	5,199	1,729				
	Percent		61.1	7.9	19.3	8.7	2.2	0.8				
University	Men	8,223	4,531	341	786	1,844	282	69	7,853	200	54	116
of	Percent		57.7	4.3	10.0	23.5	3.6	0.9				
California	Women	8,743	4,707	554	951	1,734	367	94	8,407	184	60	92
	Percent		56.0	6.6	11.3	20.6	4.4	1.1				
	Total	16,966	9,238	895	1,737	3,578	649	163	16,260	384	114	208
	Percent		56.8	5.5	10.7	22.0	4.0	1.0				
The California	Men	10,799	6,217	504	1,243	1,725	379	85	10,153	243	213	190
State	Percent		61.2	5.0	12.2	17.0	3.8	0.8				
University	Women	13,465	7,777	969	1,623	1,849	447	94	12,759	255	257	194
	Percent		61.0	7.6	12.7	14.5	3.5	0.7				
	Total	24,264	13,994	1,473	2,866	3,574	826	179	22,912	498	470	384
	Percent		61.1	6.4	12.5	15.6	3.6	0.8				
California	Men	38,668	22,935	2,807	5,895	2,972	1,068	545	36,222	956	708	782
Community	Percent		63.4	7.7	16.3	8.2	2.9	1.5				
Colleges	Women	40,541	24,474	3,359	6,678	2,467	1,039	517	38,534	716	686	605
	Percent		63.6	8.7	17.3	6.4	2.7	1.3				
	Total	79,209	47,409	6,166	12,573	5,439	2,107	1,062	74,756	1,672	1,394	1,387
	Percent		63.5	8.2	16.8	7.3	2.8	1.4				
UC, CSU, CCC	Total	120,439	70,641	8,534	17,176	12,591	3,582	1,404	113,928	2,554	1,978	1,979
	Percent		62.0	7.5	15.1	11.1	3.1	1.2				

Notes: Counties are listed according to the size of the county's high school graduating class.
The sum of the percentages for the six ethnic groups in each row equals 100.
"Number" is the total number of students, while "sub-total" is the number of students whose ethnicity was known.

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission.

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CALIFORNIA POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION COMMISSION

THE California Postsecondary Education Commission is a citizen board established in 1974 by the Legislature and Governor to coordinate the efforts of California's colleges and universities and to provide independent, non-partisan policy analysis and recommendations to the Governor and Legislature.

Members of the Commission

The Commission consists of 15 members. Nine represent the general public, with three each appointed for six-year terms by the Governor, the Senate Rules Committee, and the Speaker of the Assembly. The other six represent the major segments of postsecondary education in California.

As of January 1988, the Commissioners representing the general public are:

Mim Andelson, Los Angeles
C. Thomas Dean, Long Beach, *Chairperson*
Henry Der, San Francisco
Seymour M. Farber, M.D., San Francisco
Helen Z. Hansen, Long Beach
Lowell J. Paige, El Macero
Cruz Reynoso, Los Angeles, *Vice Chairperson*
Sharon N. Skog, Palo Alto
Stephen P. Teale, M.D., Modesto

Representatives of the segments are:

Yori Wada, San Francisco; appointed by the Regents of the University of California

William D. Campbell, Carlsbad; appointed by the Trustees of the California State University

Borgny Baird, Long Beach; appointed by the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges

Harry Wugalter, Thousand Oaks; appointed by the Council for Private Postsecondary Educational Institutions

Kenneth L. Peters, Tarzana; appointed by the California State Board of Education

James B. Jamieson, San Luis Obispo; appointed by California's independent colleges and universities

Functions of the Commission

The Commission is charged by the Legislature and Governor to "assure the effective utilization of public postsecondary education resources, thereby eliminating waste and unnecessary duplication, and to promote diversity, innovation, and responsiveness to student and societal needs."

To this end, the Commission conducts independent reviews of matters affecting the 2,600 institutions of postsecondary education in California, including Community Colleges, four-year colleges, universities, and professional and occupational schools.

As an advisory planning and coordinating body, the Commission does not administer or govern any institutions, nor does it approve, authorize, or accredit any of them. Instead, it cooperates with other State agencies and non-governmental groups that perform these functions, while operating as an independent board with its own staff and its own specific duties of evaluation, coordination, and planning.

Operation of the Commission

The Commission holds regular meetings throughout the year at which it debates and takes action on staff studies and takes positions on proposed legislation affecting education beyond the high school in California. By law, the Commission's meetings are open to the public. Requests to address the Commission may be made by writing the Commission in advance or by submitting a request prior to the start of a meeting.

The Commission's day-to-day work is carried out by its staff in Sacramento, under the guidance of its interim executive director, Kenneth B. O'Brien, who is appointed by the Commission.

The Commission publishes and distributes without charge some 40 to 50 reports each year on major issues confronting California postsecondary education. Recent reports are listed on the back cover.

Further information about the Commission, its meetings, its staff, and its publications may be obtained from the Commission offices at 1020 Twelfth Street, Third Floor, Sacramento, CA 98514; telephone (916) 445-7933.

CALIFORNIA COLLEGE-GOING RATES, 1987 UPDATE

California Postsecondary Education Commission Report 88-26

ONE of a series of reports published by the Commission as part of its planning and coordinating responsibilities. Additional copies may be obtained without charge from the Publications Office, California Postsecondary Education Commission, Third Floor, 1020 Twelfth Street, Sacramento, California 95814-3985.

Recent reports of the Commission include:

88-11 Eligibility for Freshman Admission to the University of California: A Statement to the Regents of the University by William H. Pickens, Executive Director, California Postsecondary Education Commission, February 18, 1988 (March 1988)

88-12 Time to Degree in California's Public Universities: Factors Contributing to the Length of Time Undergraduates Take to Earn Their Bachelor's Degree (March 1988)

88-13 Evaluation of the California Academic Partnership Program (CAPP): A Report to the Legislature in Response to Assembly Bill 2398 (Chapter 320, Statutes of 1984) (March 1988)

88-14 Standardized Tests Used for Higher Education Admission and Placement in California During 1987: The Third in a Series of Annual Reports Published in Accordance with Senate Bill 1758 (Chapter 1505, Statutes of 1984) (March 1988)

88-15 Update of Community College Transfer Student Statistics Fall 1987: University of California, The California State University, and California's Independent Colleges and Universities (March 1988)

88-16 Legislative Update, March 1988: A Staff Report to the California Postsecondary Education Commission (March 1988)

88-17 State Policy for Faculty Development in California Public Higher Education: A Report to the Governor and Legislature in Response to Supplemental Language in the 1986 Budget Act (May 1988)

88-18 to 20 Exploring Faculty Development in California Higher Education: Prepared for the California Postsecondary Education Commission by Berman, Weiler Associates:

88-18 Volume One: Executive Summary and Conclusions, by Paul Berman and Daniel Weiler, December 1987 (March 1988)

88-19 Volume Two: Findings, by Paul Berman, Jo-Ann Intili and Daniel Weiler, December 1987 (March 1988)

88-20 Volume Three: Appendix, by Paul Berman, Jo-Ann Intili, and Daniel Weiler, January 1988 (March 1988)

88-21 Staff Development in California's Public Schools: Recommendations of the Policy Development Committee for the California Staff Development Policy Study, March 16, 1988 (March 1988)

88-22 and 23 Staff Development in California: Public and Personal Investments, Program Patterns, and Policy Choices, by Judith Warren Little, William H. Gerritz, David S. Stern, James W. Guthrie, Michael W. Kirst, and David D. Marsh. A Joint Publication of Far West Laboratory for Educational Research and Development • Policy Analysis for California Education (PACE), December 1987:

88-22 Executive Summary (March 1988)

88-23 Report (March 1988)

88-24 Status Report on Human Corps Activities: The First in a Series of Five Annual Reports to the Legislature in Response to Assembly Bill 1820 (Chapter 1245, Statutes of 1987) (May 1988)

88-25 Proposed Construction of the Petaluma Center of Santa Rosa Junior College: A Report to the Governor and Legislature in Response to a Request for Capital Funds for Permanent Off-Campus Center in Southern Sonoma County (May 1988)

88-26 California College-Going Rates, 1987 Update: The Eleventh in a Series of Reports on New Freshman Enrollments at California's Colleges and Universities by Recent Graduates of California High Schools (June 1988)

88-27 Proposed Construction of Off-Campus Community College Centers in Western Riverside County: A Report to the Governor and Legislature in Response to a Request of the Riverside and Mt. San Jacinto Community College Districts for Capital Funds to Build Permanent Off-Campus Centers in Norco and Moreno Valley and South of Sun City (June 1988)

88-28 Annual Report on Program Review Activities, 1986-87: The Twelfth in a Series of Reports to the Legislature and the Governor on Program Review by Commission Staff and California's Public Colleges and Universities (June 1988)